TABLE OF CONTENTS

PREFACE	3
CHARTER 1 INTRODUCTION	4
CHAFTER I INTRODUCTION	
Specification	4
Block Diagram	6
433 Mainboard Description	/
433 Mainboard Placement (With SY Kayboard Connector)	10
455 Manobard Flacement (White 5/2 Reyboard & Mouse Connector)	[]
CHAPTER 2 JUMPER SETTING	12
System Clock Selection	12
CPU Type Selection	13
CPU Voltage Selection	20
Cache Size Selection	21
Flash EEPROM Vpp Selection	23
Connecturs	23
CHAPTER 3 MEMORY CONFIGURATION	. 24
CHAPTER 4 POWER MANAGEMENT	. 26
Power Management Modes Description	26
Power Management Modes Indicator	27
EPMI Connector GR-S(JP35)	27
Power Supply Power Down Connector - JP6	27
	20
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION	. 28
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION	28
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller	28 28 29
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers	28 28 29 30
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x	28 28 29 30 31
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x	28 28 29 30 31 33
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers V3.x Install Windows Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x	28 28 29 30 31 33 34
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface	28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface	28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 35
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface	28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION	28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 37
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature	
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver Using the Keyboard with WinBIOS Setup	. 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 36 38 40
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature Using the Keyboard with WinBIOS Setup Standard Setup	. 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 36 38 40 41
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install Windows Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature Using the Keyboard with WinBIOS Setup Standard Setup Advanced Setup	. 28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 36 38 40 41 43
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install Vindows Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Driver V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature Using the Keyboard with WinBiOS Setup Standard Setup Advanced Setup Chipset Setup	
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers V3.x Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature Using the Keyboard with WinBiOS Setup Standard Setup Advanced Setup Chipset Setup Power Management Setup	. 28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 36 38 40 41 43 46 49
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers V3.x Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Install Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature Using the Keyboard with WinBiOS Setup Standard Setup Advanced Setup Power Management Setup Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup	. 28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 36 38 40 41 43 44 49 52
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers V3.x Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature Using the Keyboard with WinBIOS Setup Standard Setup Advanced Setup Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup WinBIOS Password Support	. 28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 36 38 40 41 43 46 49 55
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers Install Nindows Device Drivers V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature Using the Keyboard with WinBIOS Setup Standard Setup Advanced Setup Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup WinBIOS Password Support	. 28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 36 37 38 40 41 43 44 42 55 57
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Netware Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature Using the Keyboard with WinBIOS Setup Standard Setup Advanced Setup Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup WinBIOS Password Support	. 28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 36 37 38 40 41 43 44 42 55 57 57
CHAPTER 5 IDE DRIVERS INSTALLATION Preface Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller Install DOS Device Drivers Install Windows Device Drivers V3.x Install OS/2 Device Drivers V2.x/V3.x Install Windows NT Device Driver Restore Windows NT Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver Install SCO UNIX Device Driver BIOS Setup Feature Using the Keyboard with WinBiOS Setup Standard Setup Advanced Setup Chipset Setup Power Management Setup Peripheral Setup WinBIOS Password Support	. 28 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 35 36 36 37 38 40 41 43 44 43 46 49 55 55 57 58



HOT-433 mainboard is a highly integrated IBM PC/AT compatible system board designed to accommodate 25MHz to 160MHz 486 processors, and features high-performance secondary cache memory architecture from 128KB up to 1024KB.

HOT-433 mainboard features four PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnected) local bus and four ISA (Industry Standard Architecture) bus expansion slots.

HOT-433 mainboard also integrate one 2-channel PCI IDE controller, one floppy controller, one parallel port, two serial ports, and one optional PS/2 mouse port.

User's Manual 3

Specification

CPU Function

- CPU clock: 25/33/40/50/66/80/100/120/133/160 MHz
- Supports Intel 486SX/DX/2DX2/DX4, AMD Am486DX/DX2/DX4/Am5x86-P75, Cyrix 486S/DX/DX2/DX4/5x86
- □ Supports S-Series CPU

hapter I Introduction

Chipset

- UMC 8881, 8886 and 8663
- Supports L1 and L2 write back cache
- Supports PCI master and slave up to 33MHz.
- Supports PCI burst mode access to local memory

Memory

- Supports Fast Page Mode and EDO DRAM
- Supports four banks of local DRAM system ranging from 1MB to 256MB of host memory
- Supports 256K x 36/32 (1MB), 512K x 36/32 (2MB), 1M x 36/32 (4MB), 2M x 36/32 (8MB), 4M x 36/32 (16MB),8M x 36/32 (32MB), and 16M x 36/32 (64MB), 72-pins SIMM

Cache Memory

Supports 128KB, 256KB, 512KB, and 1MB writethrough or write-back secondary cache.

- Provides four power management modes : On, Doze, Sleep, and Suspend
- Supports Microsoft APM
- Provides EPMI (External Power Management Interrupt) pin

Expansions

- □ 32-bit PCI bus x 4
- □ 16-bit ISA bus x 4
- □ 2-channel PCI IDE port
 - Supports up to 4 IDE drives
 - Supports 32 and 16-bit data transfers
 - Supports buffers that operate read prefresh and write port transactions
 - Fully ANSI ATA spec. 3.X compatible
- One floppy port
- One parallel port
 Supports SPP (PS/2 compatible bidirectional Parallel
 Port), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port), and ECP (Extended Capabilities Port) high performance parallel
 port.
- Two serial ports
 Supports 16C550 compatible UARTS.
- One PS/2 mouse port (optional)

Board Design

Dimension 22cm x 26cm

* **Note :** EDO DRAM are available on 433 M/B with chip of <u>UM8881F - Exx</u> only.

User's Manual 5



433 Mainboard Description

The major components of 433 maniboard are illustrated and described right and below. Please take a minute to become familiar with the board design.

1. Chipset ASIC

433 mainboard is designed around a set of highly integrated UMC ASIC, which offers optimum performance on PCI and ISA base system for a cache controller, a local DRAM controller, and an integrated Peripherals controller.



2. System Microprocessor

433 mainboard accept member of the 486 family of high performance 32-bit microprocessors in PGA package. The mainboard is designed to run at a clock speed from 25 to 50MHz on CPU bus clock, and 25 to 160MHz on CPU core clock.

3. Secondary Cache Architecture

433 maniboard features a secondary cache memory architecture, which complements the 8KB or 16KB internal cache of the 486 family. It support secondary cache with size of 128KB, 256KB, 512KB, and 1MB.

4. Memory Architecture

433 mainboard features four 72-pin SIMM (Single In-line Memory Module) sockets organized into four banks, which allow flexible memory configuration and expansion. It may use 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, or 64MB SIMM to expand memory from 1MB to 256MB.

5. PCI Expansion Slots

433 mainboard provides four 32-bit PCI expansion slots, which may accommodate many third-party expansion cards and increase flexibility in designing custom platforms.

6. ISA Expansion Slots

433 mainboard provides four 16-bit ISA expansion slots, which may accommodate many third-party expansion cards and enormous flexibility in designing custom platforms.

7. 5V- 3.3/3.45/3.6/4.0V Voltage Regulator

For Intel 486DX4 (P24C), AMD Am486DX2-80/DX4-100/ Am5x86-P75, and Cyrix 486DX2-66,DX2-80,DX4-75/100, 5X86 CPU, 433 mainbaord provides a voltage regulator to regulate voltage from 5V to 3.3/3.45/3.6/4.0V.

8. On-board PCI IDE Controller

433 mainboard provides a on-board 2-channel IDE controller with high speed data transfer rate. It support up to four IDE hard disk drives.

9. On-board Floppy Controller

433 mainboard provides a on-board floppy controller that support two floppy disk drives.

10. On-board Serial/Parallel Port

433 mainboard provides two serial (COM) ports and one parallel port.

11. On-board optional PS/2 mouse Port

433 main board provides an optional PS/2 mouse port.

12. System BIOS

433 mainboard provides a licensed AMI system WinBIOS which is a particularly designed to offer optimum performance of the mainboard.

13. Attached Accessories

one 40-pin hard disk drive flat cable

one 34-pin floppy disk drive flat cable

one 9-pin and 25-pin serial connector with cable

one 25-pin parallel port connector with cable

on-board enhanced IDE drivers on 3.5" floppy diskette

433 Mainboard Placement (With AT Keyboard Connector)



433 Mainboard Placement (With PS/2 Keyboard & Mouse Connectors)





System Clock Selection

433 mainboard features a clock generator to provide adjustable system clock frequency. JP1, JP2, and JP3 are all 3-pin jumper which determine the clock frequency.

Proper jumper settings for generating 25MHz to 50MHz clock frequency for 486 system are shown bellow.





■12 User's Manual

CPU Type Selection

433 mainboard accepts any member of the 486 series microprocessors. If you try to install or upgrade the CPU, you must set the CPU type jumpers correctly.

Note : It is highly recommended that a CPU cooling fan is attached to the CPU to ensure system stability.





User's Manual 13

- 13

.... e 1

. .

... 8

10 10

¢.





1.00









14 User's Manual

Intel 486DX4 (P24C) Clock Multiplier - JP18

1.11/17	2	15	1.11	1	
10 10 10	@ @	n m	গল্য বাদ বাদ	en #	17
	13 9	傳	17 C @	17 19	1
1.1918	1 11'	11 5	1.111	10.1	

СРU Туре	Core/Bus Clock Ratio	JP18	Internal Core Clock	External Bus Clock
DX4-100	3:1		100MHz	33MHz
DX4-100	2:1		100MHz	50MHz
DX4-75	3:1		75MHz	25MHz

Intel P24D



Intel P24D Internal Cache Line - JP24

Intel P24D CPU Cache Line							
Cache Scheme	JP24						
Write - Back							
Write - Thru							
Other CPU							

User's Manual 15







AMD Am486DX2/DX4 Clock Multiplier - JP24

1	JF	24	Ĩ	ļ	20	1	.]	128	1	1	,i I	254	
	•		矖	-	0		9	0		8			4
1		P	R			明	٩	3	-	额	0	團	۲
1	11	115	a da p	[[117	ţ	1	12)	E	11	.11	:2

СРU Туре	Core/Bus Clock Ratio	JP24	Internal Core Clock	External Bus Clock
DX4-100	3:1		100MHz	33MHz
DX4-100	2:1		100MHz	50MHz
DX2-80	3:1		75MHz	25MHz
DX2-80	2:1		80MHz	40MHz

■16 User's Manual

in the

AMD Am486DX4 Enhance (SV8B) AMD Am5x86-P75



AMD Am486DX4 Enhance & Am5x86-P75 Clock Multiplier - JP18

 				 		(- 32) 		r
@	0	檜	C	٢	3	٩	۲	
•	100	0	3	1	-		0	9

СРИ Туре	Core/Bus Clock Ratio	JP18	Internal Core Clock	External Bus Clock
DX4-100	3:1		100/120MHz	33/40MHz
DX4-100	2:1		100MHz	50MHz
Am5x86-P75	4:1		133/160MHz	33/40MHz

Cyrix Cx486S (M6)



User's Manual 17



Cyrix 5x86 Clock Multiplier - JP18

	2		1 1120
	00	۲	
	्त ०	0	BOORO 0
1 JP18		10 5	1 JP21 JP23

СРО Туре	Core/Bus Clock Ratio	JP18	Internal Core Clock	External Bus Clock
Cyrix 5x86-100	3 : 1		100MHz	33MHz
Cyrix 5x86-100	2:1		100MHz	50MHz
Cyrix 5x86-120	3 : 1		120MHz	40MHz
Cyrix 5x86-133	4 : 1		133MHz	33MHz

■18 User's Manual



User's Manual 19

CPU Voltage Selection

A CONTRACTOR

For Intel, AMD, and Cyrix 3V CPU, 433 mainboard features single voltage regulator to generate the voltage for CPU (Vcc) from 5V to 3.3/3.45/3.6/4.0V. JP9, JP15, and JP16 are provided for voltage setting between 5V and 3.3/3.45/3.6/4.0V.



CPU Voltage Selection							
CPU Voltage	JP15	JP16	JP9				
5 V			Don't Care				
3.3 V			Close 1 - 2				
3.45 V			Close 3 - 4				
3.6 V			Close 5-6				
4.0 V			Close 7 - 8				

Cache Size Selection

433 mainboard supports secondary cache memory sizes of 128KB, 256KB, 512KB, and 1MB. Cache memory is realized by eight Data SRAM and one Tag SRAM. Cache memory is organized into two banks, with four SRAM assigned to each bank. The Data SRAM used in 433 mainboard is 32Kx8, 64Kx8, and 128Kx8, Tag SRAM can be 8Kx8, 32Kx8, and 64Kx8.



.

• JP12

2

JP14

JP13

128 KB Cache Memory

Cache	Bank 0	Bank 1	Tag RAM	Cacheabl	e Range
Size	ize Data HAM Data HAM U15, 16, 17, 18 U27, 28, 29, 30		U26	Write-Through	Write-Back
128KB	32K x 8	Empty	8K x 8	32MB	16MB

256	KB	Cache	Memory
(Double Bank)			



Cache	Bank 0	Bank 1 Tag RAM		Cacheable Range	
Size	U15, 16, 17, 18	U27, 28, 29, 30	U26	Write-Through	Write-Back
256KB	32K x 8	32K x 8	32K x 8	64 MB	32 MB

User's Manual 21

256	KB	Cache	Memory
(Sing	le Ba	nk)	

A STREET



Cache	Bank 0	Bank 1	Tag RAM	Cacheab	le Range
Size	U15, 16, 17, 18	U27, 28, 29, 30	U26	Write-Through	Write-Back
256KB	64K x 8	Enipty	32K x 8	64 MB	32 MB

512 KB Cache Memory (Single Bank)



Cache	Bank 0	Bank 1	Tag RAM	Cacheab	le Range
Size	U15, 16, 17, 18	U27, 28, 29, 30	U26	Write-Through	Write-Back
512 KB	128K x 8	Empty	32K x 8	128 MB	64 MB





Cache	Bank 0	Bank 1	Tag RAM	Cacheab	e Range
Size .	U15, 16, 17, 18	U27, 28, 29, 30	U26	Write-Through	Write-Back
512 KB	64K x 8	64K x 8	32K x 8	128 MB	64 MB





Cache Bank 0 Ban		Bank 1	Tag RAM	Cacheable Range	
Size	U15, 16, 17, 18	U27, 28, 29, 30	U26	Write-Through	Write-Back
1024 KB	128K x 8	128K x 8	64K x 8	256 MB	128 MB

■ 22 User's Manual ■



433 mainboard supports EPROM or 12V/5V programming voltage flash EEPROM for system BIOS. JP8 is provided to accommodate 12V and 5V flash EEPROM.

OPEN, or Pin 2 - 3 Close for 5V flash

Pin 1 - 2 Close for 12V flash.

Note: If an EPROM is in use on 433 system BIOS, the user may ignore the setfing of JP8.



Connectors

Connectors	5
ITEM	FUNCTION
CN7	On-board PCI Primary IDE Connector
CN6	On-board PCI Secondary IDE Connector
CN5	On-board Floppy Controller Connector
CN4	On-board Parallel Port Connector
CN3	On-board Serial port-1 Connector
CN2	On-board Serial Port-2 Connector
CNI	External Battery Connector
CN9	Power LED and Keylock Connector
CN8	PC Speaker Connector
MSI	PS/2 Mouse Connector
JP33(RESET)	Hardware Reset Switch Connector
JP34(TB-S)	Hardware Turbo Switch Connector
LEDI(TB-L)	Turbo LED connector, Power Management Indicator
JP35(GR-S)	EPMI Connector
LED2(IDE-L)	On-board Enhanced IDE R/W LED Connector
JP6	Power Supply Power Down Control Connector

User's Manual 23



433 mainboard provides great flexibility to support a number of different on-board fast page mode or EDO DRAM up to 256MB.

On-board memory SIMM sockets are organized into four banks, with one SIMM socket assigned to each memory banks. 433 mainboard supports 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, and 64MB 72-pin SIMM modules.

The following table shows the possible memory configuration of 433 mainboard.

433	Memory Co	onfiguration I	Reference Tab	le
BANK 0	BANK 1	BANK 2	BANK 3	TOTAL
1MB	NONE	NONE	NONE	1MB
IMB	1MB	NONE	NONE	2MB
1 MB	1MB	IMB	NONE	3MB
T IMB	1MB	1MB	1MB	4MB
2MB	NONE	NONE	NONE	2MB
2MB	2MB	NONE	NONE	4MB
2MB	2MB	2MB	NONE	6MB
2MB	2MB	2MB	2MB	8MB
4MB	NONE	NONE	NONE	4MB
4MB	4MB	NONE	NONE	8MB
4MB	4MB	4MB	NONE	I2MB
4MB	4MB	4MB	4MB	16MB
8MB	NONE	NONE	NONE	8MB
8MB	8MB	NONE	NONE	16MB
8MB	8MB	8MB	NONE	24MB
8MB	8MB	8MB	8MB	32MB
16MB	NONE	NONE	NONE	16MB
16MB	16MB	NONE	NONE	32MB
16MB	16MB	16MB	NONE	48MB
16MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	64MB

Yelener W

433 M	emory Config	uration Refer	ence Table (Cont'd)
BANK 0	BANK 1	BANK 2	BANK 3	TOTAL
32MB	NONE	NONE	NONE	32MB
32MB	32MB	NONE	NONE	64MB
32MB	32MB	32MB	NONE	96MB
32MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	128MB
64MB	NONE	NONE	NONE	64MB
64MB	64MB	NONE	NONE	128MB
64MB	64MB	64MB	NONE	192MB
64MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	256MB
IMB	IMB	2MB	2MB	6MB
IMB	IMB	4MB	4MB	10MB
IMB	IMB	8MB	8MB	18MB
IMB	IMB	16MB	16MB	34MB
IMB	1MB	32MB	32MB	66MB
2MB	2MB	4MB	4MB	12MB
2MB	2MB	8MB	8MB	20MB
2MB	2MB	16MB	16MB	36MB
2MB	2MB	32MB	32MB	68MB
4MB	4MB	8MB	8MB	24MB
4MB	4MB	16MB	16MB	40MB
4MB	4MB	32MB	32MB	72MB
8MB	8MB	16MB	16MB	48MB
8MB	8MB	32MB	32MB	80MB
16MB	16MB	32MB	32MB	96MB
16MB	16MB	64MB	64MB	160MB
32MB	32MB	64MB	64MB	192MB

Notes:

*EDOSIMM are available on 433 M/B with chip of <u>UM8881F - Exx</u> only.

*All SIMMs must be 70 ns or faster.

*All banks can use either single-sided or double-sided SIMMs.

User's Manual 25



433 mainboard provides four power management modes for reducing power consumption : On, Doze, Sleep, and Suspend. Every single power management mode, 433 mainboard provides distinguishable flash speed indicating via turbo-LED.

433 mainboard also provide EPMI and power supply power down connector to enhanced power management.

Power Management Modes Description

ON mode. The **ON** mode is the normal operating mode of the PC system. In this mode, the doze timer (15 sec to 512 min) starts counting if no activity is taking place and the programmable time-out period has expired. The system will enter to doze mode. The types of activity monitored include Keyboard Controller, VGA, IDE, COM port, LPT port, Floppy, PCI master, ISA master, DMA, and one programmable memory region and one programmable I/O region.

DOZE mode. In this mode, CPU frequency is slowed to 1/2 of normal frequency and the **SLEEP** timer (2 min to 512 min) starts counting if no activity is taking place. The activities monitored are the same as in **ON** mode.

SLEEP mode. CPU and system future more reduce to a lower frequency. In this mode, the **SUSPEND** timer (2 min to 512 min) starts counting if no activity is taking place. The activities monitored are the same as in **ON** mode.

SUSPEND mode. In this mode, if S-Series CPU is present, 433 mainboard will stop the CPU clock (0MHz), slow down the system clock, power down the secondary cache. Auto-wake-up, including keyboard, mouse, EPMI button, and modem, and so forth, is programmable.

Power Management Modes Indicator

Normally the "LED1" (Turbo-LED) is a turbo LED. But when system gets into power management mode, the LED will flash to indicate the working status of different power management modes.

- a. In **ON** (Normal) mode, turbo-LED active as a turbo/de-turbo indicator.
- b. In **DOZE** mode, turbo-LED flash about per second.
- c. In SLEEP mode, turbo-LED flash about per two seconds.
- d. In SUSPEND mode, turbo-LED turned off.

EPMI Connector --- GR-S (JP35)

EPMI (External Power Management Interrupt) pin is provided for special purposes, such as sleep(suspend)/resume button. When pushing this button will force system into power management mode, and the system will resume if the button is pushed again.

Power Supply Power Down Connector-JP6

433 mainboard also provides a power supply power down connector to control the A.C. output of system power supply. If your power supply has signal to control the A.C. output, the signal can be connected to JP6; when system gets into power management mode, power supply A.C. output will be turned off. By this way, you can control other devices such as monitor ON/OFF.



Preface

433 On-Board IDE Device Drivers are saved in this diskette. These drivers are not only designed for 433 main board to improve IDE I/O data transfer rate between IDE hard disk(s) and your system, but also support up to 4 hard drives.

The following files are included :

1.	READ	ME
----	------	----

2. INSTALL4.EXE	(Auto install utility)
3. UM8673.SYS	(DOS device driver)
4. UM8673.386	(Windows device driver for V3.1x)
5. INT13.386	(Windows device driver for V3.1x)
5. UMC1S506.ADD	(OS/2 device driver for V2.x, 3.0)
7. UMC310.DSK	(NetWare device driver for V3.10)
B. UMC311.DSK	(NetWare device driver for V3.11, 3.12)
9. UMC401.DSK	(NetWare device driver for V4.0x)
10. ATDISK.SYS	(Windows NT device driver for V3.x)
11. INSTALL.EXE	(Install Utility for Windows NT)
12. RESTORE.EXE	(Restore Utility for Windows NT)
13. UNIX.UMC	(SCO UNIX device drive for 3.2V4.1)
14. RELEASE.TXT	(Release Note for Diskette V2.1)

Install Utility for PCI-Bus IDE Controller

The **INSTALL4.EXE** utility can detect the speeds of the hard disks which are attached on the controller automatically and it also can install drivers for you. Please follow the steps below to execute this program first.

- 1 Insert this diskette in a floppy disk drive, and close the drive door.
- 2 At the command prompt, type the drive letter of the drive you are using, followed by colon(:), and then press ENTER.
- 3 Type INSTALL4, and then press ENTER.
- 4 Follow the instructions on the screen to detect hard disk(s) speed and install driver(s).



This program may get an incorrect speed in some few cases. At that time, please install the drivers manually to reduce the drive speed step by step until the system boots or becomes stable. Please remember the current speed and minus 2 if the FIFO is enabled, or minus 4 if FIFO is disabled. At this way, it will work out the optimized performance of your system. If it is possible, please burn-in your system with IDE operations to make sure the stability of your system.

Install DOS Device Driver

The **INSTALL4.EXE** utility can install DOS device driver automatically. If you want to install DOS device driver manually or change the drive speed, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Copy the *DOS\UM8673.SYS* into the appropriate path.
- 2. Add following statement to your CONFIG.SYS file to auto load the driver during bootup.

DEVICE = [drive:][\path\]UM8673.SYS[/D < n:m >][/F < n >] [/NF < n >][/Cyl < n:m >][/Hd < n:m >][/Sec < n:m >] [/SIRQ: < m >]

where

drive:	Hard Disk Drive C: or D:
D < n:m >	Drive n speed m(0-17) (0 the lowest)
F < n >	Enable FIFO for drive n
NF < n >	Disable FIFO for drive n
Cyl <n:m></n:m>	Drive n(2-3) cylinder number m
Hd < n:m >	Drive n(2-3) head number m
Sec < n:m >	Drive n(2-3) sector number m
SIRQ: < m >	Secondary channel IRQ (10 or 12 or 15)

For instance, the user wants to load **UM8673.SYS** with drive 0 speed = 6 and FIFO enabled. The DOS driver resides in the root directory of the drive C:. Add the following statement to your CONFIG.SYS file.

 $DEVICE = C: \setminus UM8673.SYS / D0:6 / F0$

You don't need to specify drive speed parameters usually, because the device driver is reconfigured for the optimal speed setting.

3. Reboot your system.

Install Windows Device Driver V3.x

The **INSTALL4.EXE** utility can install Windows device driver automatically. If you want to install Windows device driver for your system manually or change the drive speed, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Copy the Windows\UM8673.386 and windows\INT13.386 into the appropriate path.
- 2. Check if the following lines exist in the [386Enh] section of your SYSTEM.INI file.

[386Enh] 32BitDiskAccess = ON device = *int13 device = *wdctrl

If any statement does not exist, please add it to the [386Enh] section. Please add a preceding semicolon in front of "device = *wdctrl" and "device = *int13" command lines. If "32BitDiskAccess" option is set to be "OFF", Please change it to be "ON".

3. Add these following statements to the [386Enh] section in your \WINDOWS\SYSTEM.INI file.

device = [drive:][\path\] UM8673.386 device = [drive:][\path\] INT13.386 DriveSpeed = [/D < n:m >][/F < n >][/NF < n >]

where

D < n:m > Drive n speed m(0-17) (0 the lowest) F < n > Enable FIFO for drive n NF < n > Disable FIFO for drive n

For instance, the user wants to load Windows drivers with drive 1 speed = 11 and FIFO disabled. The Windows drivers reside in the WINDOWS\SYSTEM directory of the drive C:. Add the following statements to your SYSTEM.INI file.

[386Enh]

User's Manual 31

32BitDiskAccess = ON ;device = *int13 ;device = *wdctrl DriveSpeed = /D1:11 /NF1 device = c:\windows\system\UM8673.386 device = c:\windows\system\INT13.386

You don't need to specify drive speed parameters usually, because the device driver is reconfigured for the optimal speed setting.

4. Reenter your Windows.

Install OS/2 Device Driver V2.x/V3.x

If you want to install OS/2 device driver for your system, please follow the steps below.

- Copy the OS2\UMC1S506.ADD into the OS2 directory of your system for OS/2 V2.x or copy the OS2\UMC1S506.ADD into the OS2\BOOT subdirectory of your system for OS/2 V3.0.
- 2. Check if the following line exists in the CONFIG.SYS file.

BaseDev = IBM1S506.ADD

If the statement exists, please delete it or add "REM" in front of it.

3. Add this following statement to your CONFIG.SYS file.

BaseDev = UMC1S506.ADD [/A: <0 or 1 > /IRQ: <irq > /U: <0 or 1 > /S: <speed > /F /NF]

where

speed : drive speed setting from 0 to 17 (0 the lowest)
F : enable FIFO for drive
NF : disable FIFO for drive
IRQ : 10 or 12 or 15

Note : The user MUST NOT specify either drive or path name.

For instance, the user wants to load *UMC1S506.ADD* with drive (Unit) 0 speed 6 (FIFO disabled) and drive (Unit) 1 speed 11 (FIFO enabled) which are attached on Adapter 0. Add the following statement to your CONFIG.SYS file.

BaseDev = UMC1S506.ADD /A:0 /U:0 /S:6 /NF /U:1 /S:11 /F

You don't need to specify drive speed parameters usually, because the device driver is reconfigured for the optimal speed setting.

4. **Reboot** your system.

User's Manual 33

Install Netware Device Driver V2.x/V3.x

If you want to install NetWare device driver for your system, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Copy the NetWare\UMCxxx.DSK into the appropriate path.
- 2. Bring up the NetWare server of your system.
- 3. Type the following statement after the ":" prompt

:load UMCxxx PORT = $\langle x \rangle$ INT = $\langle y \rangle$ [/D < n:m>] [/F < n>] [/NF < n>]

where

х	1F0 or 170
У	E or F
D < n:m >	Drive n speed m(0-11) (0 the lowest)
F < n >	Enable FIFO for drive n
NF < n >	Disable FIFO for drive n

Note : You MUST NOT load the ISADISK.DSK when you are installing UMCxxx.DSK Netware driver.

For instance, the user wants to load *UMC310.DSK* with drive 0 speed 6 and drive 1 speed 11 which are attached on the primary controller. Add the following statement after the ":" prompt.

:LOAD UMC310 /D0:6 /D1:11 PORT = 1F0 INT = E

You don't need to specify drive speed and Cylinder, Head, Sector parameters usually, because the device driver is reconfigured for the optimal speed setting and detect the Cylinder, Head, Sector automatically.

Install Windows NT Device Driver

- 1. Insert this diskette in a floppy disk drive, and close the drive door.
- 2. At the DOS command prompt, type the drive letter of the floppy disk drive you are using, followed by a colon(:), type INSTALL, and then press ENTER. For example,

C:\WINNT > a:\winnt\install

3. The Installation Utility will install the Windows NT Device Driver automatically.

Restore Windows NT Device Driver

1. At the DOS command prompt, type the drive letter of the floppy disk drive you are using, followed by a colon(:), type RESTORE, and then press ENTER. For example,

C:\WINNT > a:\winnt\restore

2. The Restore Utility will restore the Windows NT Device Driver automatically.

Install SCO UNIX Device Driver

If you want to install SCO UNIX device driver for your system, please follow the steps below.

Type the following statements under UNIX system.

- I. mkdir /UM8673.bin
- 2. cd /UM8673.bin
- 3. doscp a:unix.umc .
- 4. tar xf < unix.umc
- 5. cd /UM8673.bin
- 6. ./istl.UM8673

If you want to remove SCO UNIX device driver from your system, please follow the steps below.

Type the following statements under UNIX system.

- 1. cd /UM8673.bin
- 2. ./rm.um8673



BIOS Setup configures system information that is stored in CMOS RAM. WINBIOS Setup has an easy-to-use graphical user interface that will be immediately recognizable to anyone who has ever used Microsoft Windows. WinBIOS Setup sets a new standard in BIOS user interfaces.

Starting WinBIOS Setup

As POST executes, the following message appears :

Hit < DEL > if you want to run SETUP

Press < Del > to run WinBIOS Setup.

Bus Mouse and Microsoft Mouse Support on BIOS Setup :

The following types of mouse devices are supported.

PS/2- type mouse.

Bus mouse that use IRQs 3, 4, or 5 (IRQ2 is not supported).

Microsoft-compatible mouse.

Logitech C-series-compatible mouses using the MM protocol.

WinBIOS Setup can be accessed via keyboard, mouse, or pen. The mouse click functions are :

single click to change or select both global and current field and double click to perform an operation in the selected field.

BIOS Setup Feature

The WinBIOS Setup main menu, shown below, is organized into four windows. Each window corresponds to a section in this chapter.



Each section contains several icons. Clicking on each icon activates a specific function. The WinBIOS Setup icons and functions are described in this chapter. The sections are :

Setup

This section has five icons that permit you to set system configuration options such as date, time hard disk type, floppy type, chipset parameter, power management, and peripheral I/O setup.

Utilities

This section has four icons that perform system functions.

Security

This section has one icon that control WinBIOS security features.

Default

This section has three icons that permit you to select a group of settings for all WinBIOS Setup options.

Each WinBIOS Setup option has two default settings. These settings can be applied to all WinBIOS Setup options when you select the Default section on the WinBIOS Setup main menu. The types of default are:



Optimal

These settings provide the restoring of old value.



These settings provide that best performance characteristics.

Using the Keyboard with WinBIOS Setup

WinBIOS Setup has a built-in keyboard driver that uses simple keystroke combinations :

Keystroke	Function
<tab></tab>	Move to the next window or field.
₽₽₽₽₽	Move to the next field to the right, left, above, or below.
<enter></enter>	Select in the current field.
+	Increments a value.
-	Decrements a value.
<esc></esc>	Closes the current operation and return to previous level.
<pgup></pgup>	Returns to the previous page.
<pgdn></pgdn>	Advances to the next page.
<home></home>	Returns to the beginning of the text
<end></end>	Advances to the end of the text.
<alt>H></alt>	Access a help window.
<alt><spacebar></spacebar></alt>	Exit WinBIOS Setup.
Alphabetic keys	A to Z are used in the Virtual Keyboard, and are not casesensitive.
Numeric Keys	0 to 9 are used in the Virtual Keyboard and Numeric Keypad.





Date, Day and Time Configuration

Select the Standard option. Select the Date and Time icon. The current values for each category are displayed. Enter new values through the keyboard.

Hard Disk C: Type, Hard Disk D: Type

master Disk

Slave Disk

Select one of these hard disk drive icons to configure the drive named in the option. A scrollable screen that lists all valid disk drive types is displayed. Select the correct type and press <Enter >. If the hard disk drive is an IDE drive, select **IDE Setup** from the Utility section of the WinBIOS Setup main menu to allow WinBIOS to automatically detect the IDE drive parameters and report them on this screen.

User's Manual 41 🖬

Using Auto Detect Hard Disk (Only for IDE drivers)



If you select **IDE Setup** from the Utility section of the WinBIOS Setup main menu, WinBIOS automatically finds all IDE hard disk drive parameters. WinBIOS places the hard disk drive parameters that it finds in the Drive Type fields in Standard Setup.



 FI	obbř	JA	
Not	Inst	tall	eđ
360	KB	5%"	
1.2	MB	5%"	
720	KB	3%"	7
1.44	MB	35"	
2.88	MB	3%"	

Floppy Drive A:, Floppy Drive B:

Move the cursor to these fields via and select the floppy type. The settings are 360KB 51/4 inch, 1.2MB 51/4 inch, 720KB 31/2 inch, 1.44MB inch, or 2.88MB 31/2 inch.

Advanced Setup		44
		Advance
	atur.	
Megatrends (C)1994, American M	legatrends Inc.	energy 2
Satur	PM 11441	1+11
Setup	EN IN ISSUED AND IN THIS PARTY	NAME AND ADDRESS OF
	Care and	
Advanced Setup		
Standar		Color Set
System Reyboard	: Present	The state state of
Mouse Support	· Fnabled	
Power My Above 1MR Memory Test	: Disabled	
Memory Test Tick Sound	: Enabled	
Extended BIOS RAM Area	: 0:300	
System Boot Up Num Lock	: On	
Floppy Drive Seek At Boot	: Enabled	
System Boot Up Sequence	: A:, C:	
System Boot Up CPU Speed	: High 🚺	
Passwor	and the second second second second second second	A little Sections
	A DATE OF A DATE	our description of the second second
Set Advanced Features		Alt+H: Help

System Keyboard

Select this option to configure whether checking for keyboard present or not.

Primary Display

Select this option to configure the type of monitor attached to the computer. The settings are *Monochrome, Color 40 x 25, Color 80 x 25, VGA/PGA/EGA,* or *Not Installed*.

Mouse Support

When this option is enabled, WinBIOS supports a PS/2-type mouse. The settings are *Enabled* or *Disabled*.

Above 1 MB Memory Test

When this option is enabled, the WinBIOS memory test is performed on all system memory. When this option is disabled, the memory test is done only on the first 1 MB of system memory. The settings are **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

User's Manual 43

Billion and markets

Memory Test Tick Sound

This option enables or disables the ticking sound during the memory test. The settings are *Enabled* or *Disabled*.

Extended BIOS RAM Area

Specify in this option if the top 1 KB of the system programming area beginning at 639K or 0:300 in the system BIOS area in low memory will be used to store hard disk information. The settings are **Top DOS 1K** or **0:300**.

System Boot Up Num Lock

When *On*, this option turns off *Num* Lock when the system is powered on so the end user can use the arrow keys on both the numeric keypad and the keyboard. The settings are *On* or *Off*.

Floppy Drive Seek At Boot

When this option enabled, WinBIOS performs a Seek command on floppy drive A: before booting the system. The settings are *Enabled* or *Disabled*.

System Boot Up Sequence

This option sets the sequence of boot drive (either floppy drive A; or hard disk drive C:) that WinBIOS attempts to boot from after POST completes. The settings are C:, A: or A:, C:.

System Boot Up CPU Speed

This option sets the speed of the CPU at system boot time. The settings are *High* or *Low*.

External Cache

This option enabled or disabled secondary cache (L 2) memory.

Internal Cache

This option enabled or disabled the internal cache memory in the 486 processor.

Password Checking

This option enables the password check option every time the system boots or the end user runs Setup. If *Always* is chosen a user password prompt appears every time the computer is tuned on. If *Setup* is chosen, the password prompt appears if WinBIOS is executed.

Video Shadow C000, 32K

When this option is set to Enabled, the video ROM area from C0000h ~ C7FFFh is copied (shadowed) to RAM for faster execution. The settings are *Absent*, *NoShadow*, or *Shadow*.

Shadow xxxx, 16K,

These options enable shadowing of the contents of the ROM area named in the option title. The settings are *Absent*, *NoShadow*, or *Shadow*. The ROM area that is not used by ISA adapter cards will be allocated to PCI adapter cards.

User's Manual 45



Auto Configuration Function

When this option is *Enabled*, BIOS automatically configures listed features based on detection of the CPU clock frequency. when this option is *Disabled*, BIOS leave these features manually adjust by the user.

Cache Speed Options

This feature allows the user to select cache burst read/write cycle : **2-1-2**, **2-2-2**, **3-1-3**, and **3-2-3**. The optimal setting depends on system clock speed.

DRAM Read Wait State

This feature allows the user to set the memory read wait state. The options are *1*, *2*, and *3 W*.*S*. The optimal setting depends on system clock speed.

DRAM Write Wait State

This feature allows the user to set the memory write wait state. The options are *0*, *1*, *2*, and *3 W*.*S*. The optimal setting depends on system clock speed.

the Alexandra

PCICLK-to-ISA SYSCLK Divisor

This feature allows the user to select the ISA clock that divide from PCI Clock. The options are *PCICLKI/2, PCICLKI/3,* and *PCICLKI/4*.

Keyboard Clock Divisor

This feature allows the user to select the keyboard clock that divide from PCI Clock. The options are *PCICLKI/2, PCICLKI/ 3, CICLKI/4,* and *7.16MHz*.

L2 Cache mode

This feature allows the user to select the secondary cache scheme. The options are *Write-Through* and *Write-Back*.

L1 Cache mode

This feature allows the user to select the internal cache scheme in processor. The options are *Write-Through* and *Write-Back*.

Note : Intel P24D, P24T, AMD Am486 Enhanced, Am5x86-P75, Cyrix 5x86 support L1 write-back cache.

Main BIOS Cacheable

This feature allows the user to set whether the main BIOS in F000 ~ FFFF area are cacheable or non-cacheable.

Video BIOS Cacheable

This feature allows the user to set whether the video BIOS in $C000 \sim C7FF$ area are cacheable or non-cacheable.

Host-to-PCI Post Write W/S

This feature allows the user to select the Host to PCI post write (CPU bus) wait state. The options are 0 and 1 W.S.

Host-to-PCI Burst Write

This feature allows the user to set the **Host to PCI Burst write** (CPU bus) enabled or disabled.

User's Manual 47 🖬

I/O Recovery Time Control

This feature allows the user to set the I/O Recovery Time Control to delay back-to-back 8 or 16-bit ISA I/O cyclesissued from the PCI master.

Post Write Buffer

This feature allows the user to set the **Post Memory Write Buffer** enabled or disabled. Enabled this feature will enhance system performance.

Bus Park

This feature allows the user to set the **Bus Park** enabled or disabled. Enabled this feature will enhance PCI performance.

1st (2nd, 3rd, 4th) Available IRQ

The system BIOS will assign these available IRQs to the first (second/thrid/fourth) found PCI device. The available options are 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, and 15.

On Board DRAM Option

This feature allows the user to select the on board SIMM DRAM type for 433 main board. The option are *Normal* and *EDO*.

Note : EDO DRAM are available on 433 M/B with chip of <u>UM8881F - Exx only</u>.

Linear Burst for Cx5x86

This feature allows the user to enable Cyrix Cx5x86 linear address sequence while performing burst cycles.



Power Management/APM

This feature allows the user to enable or disable 433 mainboard power management and APM function.

Doze Mode Time-out

This feature specifies the length of time-out of system entering **DOZE** mode. The timer options from **15 sec** to **512 min**.

Sleep Mode Time-out

This feature specifies the length of time-out of system entering **SLEEP** mode. The timer option are from **2** min to **512** min or **disabled**.

Suspend Mode Time-out

This feature specifies the length of time-out of system entering **SUSPEND** mode. The timer option are from **2** min to **512** min or **Disabled**.

VGA Power Down

This feature specifies the display screen whether blanking or not when sleep or suspend timer is expired.

HDD Power Down

This option specifies the length of time of hard disk drive inactivity that must expire before the IDE hard disk drive is placed in IDE HDD Power Down. The settings are from 1 min to 14 min or disabled.

Monitor PCI Master x

Enabling this features, the doze timer start counting if no PCI Master activity is taking place. Disabling this feature, system will not to monitor PCI Master status.

Monitor ISA Master&DMA Activity

Enabling this features, the doze timer start counting if no **ISA Master** and **DMA** activity is taking place. Disabling this feature, system will not to monitor ISA Master and DMA status.

Monitor LPT Port Activity

Enabling this features, the doze timer start counting if no **LPT** port activity is taking place. Disabling this feature, system will not to monitor LPT port status.

Monitor COM Port Activity

Enabling this features, the doze timer start counting if no **COM** port activity is taking place. Disabling this feature, system will not to monitor COM port status.

Monitor IDE Activity

Enabling this features, the doze timer start counting if no **IDE** activity is taking place. Disabling this feature, system will not to monitor IDE status.

Monitor FLP Activity

Enabling this features, the doze timer start counting if no **FLP** (Floppy) activity is taking place. Disabling this feature, system will not to monitor Floppy status.

Monitor VGA Activity

Enabling this features, the doze timer start counting if no **VGA** activity is taking place. Disabling this feature, system will not to monitor VGA port status.

Monitor I/O Region Activity

This feature specifies the programmable I/O port address will be monitored. The I/O address range from 100h to 3FFh.

Monitor IRQXX

This feature specifies whether the IRQxx (xx: 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, and 15) will be monitored or not. When system gets into power management mode, any IRQ activities will resume system to **ON** mode.

Note: All the monitoring functions work in conjuction with each others. All the specified options have to be met before the power management mode in activated. Then these monitoring function act as the walk-up activities. If activity found on any of the specified option, then the mainboard will exit the power management mode.



Programming Mode

This option enables the BIOS auto detect and configure system peripheral including floppy disk controller, serial ports, and parallel port.

OnBoard FDC

This option enables the use and address of the floppy drive controller on mainboard. The options are **3F1H**, **371H**, and **Disabled**.

Serial Port1

This option enables the use and address of the first serial port on mainboard. The options are **3F8H**, **3E8H**, and **Disabled**.

Serial Port2

This option enables the use and address of the secondary serial port on mainboard. The options are **2F8H**, **2E8H**, and **Disabled**.

Parallel Port

This option enables the use and address of the parallel port on mainboard. The options are *378H*, *278H*, and *Disabled*.

Parallel Port Mode

This feature specifies on-board parallel port mode. The options are *SPP* (Standard Parallel Port), *EPP* (Enhanced Parallel Port), and *ECP* (Extended Capabilities Port).

PCI OnBoard IDE

This feature specifies PCI on-board 2-channel IDE controller be enabled or disabled.

PCI OnBoard IDE PIO Mode

This feature specifies PCI on-board IDE controller's PIO speed mode. The options are *Mode 1, Mode 2, Mode 3, Mode 4*, and *Disabled*.

PCI IDE Card Present on

This feature specifies PCI IDE Add-on card are insert on which PCI slot. The options are *Slot 1, Slot 2, Slot 3, Slot 4,* or leave BIOS *Auto* detected. (If this feature is assigned, please disabled *PCI OnBoard IDE*)

PCI Secondary IDE

This feature specifies PCI on-board secondary IDE controller be enabled or disabled.

PCI IDE IRQ Trigger Mode

This feature specifies PCI IDE IRQ triggered mode, the options are *Edge* and *Level*. (This feature only affect PCI IDE add-on card)

IDE Block Mode

If your IDE hard disk drive supports block transfer mode. This feature enable multiple sector reads and writes for IDE drives to enhance data transfer rate. The options are *2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, Auto,* and *Disabled*.

IDE 32 Bit Transfers Mode

IDE 32-bit transfers will enhance data transfer rate on IDE interface, but only 32-bit PCI IDE controller supports it on this mainboard.

Primary Master LBA Mode

If your primary master IDE hard disk over 528MB, please enables this LBA (Logical Block Addressing) mode feature.

Primary Slave LBA Mode

If your primary slave IDE hard disk over 528MB, please enables this LBA (Logical Block Addressing) mode feature.

Secondary Ctrl Drives Present

This feature specifies how many IDE hard disk drive connect to secondary channel port. The options are 1, 2, and **Disabled**.

Secondary Master LBA Mode

If your secondary master IDE hard disk over 528MB, please enables this LBA (Logical Block Addressing) mode feature.

Secondary Slave LBA Mode

If your secondary slave IDE hard disk over 528MB, please enables this LBA (Logical Block Addressing) mode feature.

NCR SCSI at AD17 Present in

This feature allows the user to set PCI NCR 53C810 SCS adapter present in which slot.

WinBIOS Password Support



WinBIOS Setup has an optional password feature. The system can be configured so that all users must enter a password every time the system boots or when WinBIOS Setup is executed. The following screen appears when you select the password icon.



You can enter a password by:

typing the password on the keyboard,

selecting each letter via the mouse, or

selecting each letter via the pen stylus.

Pen access must be customized for each specific hardware platform.

The password check option is enabled in Advanced Setup by choosing either Always or Setup. The password is stored in CMOS RAM.

The password can be from 1 to 6 alphanumeric word. Please make sure the password is noted down. If password is forgotten, the CMOS RAM must be drain and system must be reconfigure. WinBIOS will then display the following:



Selection the Password icon from the Security section of WinBIOS main menu. Enter the password and press <Enter >. The screen does not display the characters entered. After the new password is entered, you will be ask to retype the new password again for confirmation.

If the password confirmation is incorrect, an error message appears. Then please repeat the step above. If the new password is entered without error, press < Esc > to return to the WinBIOS Setup Main Menu. The password is now stored in CMOS RAM after WinBIOS Setup completes. The next time the system boots, you are prompted for the password then.

Remember the Password

Keep a record of the new password when the password is changed. If you forget the password, you must drain CMOS RAM and reconfigure the system again in order to regain access to the system.



Error Beeps and Message

Error can occur during POST (Power On Self Test), which is performed every time the system is powered on. Fatal errors are communicated through a series of audible beeps. All errors except Beep Code 8 are fatal errors. Fatal errors do not allow the system to continue the boot process. Most displayed errors allow the system to continue the boot process.

Beeps Error message

Description

1	Refresh Failure	The memory refresh circuitry on the mainboard is faulty.
2	Parity Error	Parity error in the first 64KB of memory.
3	Base 64KB Memory Failure	Memory failure in first 64KB.
4	Timer Not Operational	Memory failure in the first 64KB of memory, or Timer 1 on the mainboard is not functioning.
5	Processor error	The CPU on the mainboard generated an error.
6	8042 - Gate A20 Failure	The keyboard controller (8042) may be bad. The BIOS cannot switch to protected mode.
7	Processor Exception interrupt Error	The CPU generated an exception interrupt.
8	Display Memory Read/ Write Error	The system video adapter is either missing or its memory is fault error.
9	ROM Checksum Error	The ROM checksum value does not match the value encoded in the BIOS
10	CMOS Shutdown Register Read/Write Error	The shutdown register for CMOS RAM failed.
11	Cache Error/External Cache Bad	The external cache is faulty.

AMIBIOS POST Checkpoint Codes

POST is performed by the BIOS when the system is reset or rebooted. POST performs diagnostics tests on system parts and initialized key system components. When a POST routine completes, a code is written to I/O port address 80h. Display this code by attaching diagnostic equipment to port 80h.

The following POST checkpoint codes are valid for 433 mainboard's WinBIOS.

Codes

Description

01 h	Processor register test starting and NMI will be disabled.
02h	NMI is Disabled. Power on delay starting.
03h	Power on delay complete. Checking soft reset and power-on next.
05h	Soft reset and power determined. Enabling ROM next and disabling shadow RAM and cache memory, if any.
06h	ROM is enabled. Calculating ROM BIOS checksum.
07h	ROM BIOS checksum passed. CMOS shutdown register test to be done next.
08h	CMOS shutdown register test done. CMOS checksum calculation to be done next.
09h	The CMOS checksum calculation is done and the CMOS RAM Diagnostic byte has been written. CMOS RAM initialization is next if the Initialized CMOS At Ever Boot option is set.
0Ah	CMOS RAM is initialized. The CMOS RAM status register will be initialized for Date and Time next.
OBh	The CMOS RAM status register has been initialized. Any initializa- tion before the keyboard BAT test will be done next.
0Ch	The keyboard controller I/B is free. Issuing the BAT command to the keyboard controller next.
0Dh	The BAT command was issued to the keyboard controller. Verifying the BAT command next.
OEh	The keyboard controller BAT result has been verified. Any initializa- tion after the keyboard controller BAT command will be done next.

Cadaa	Description
OFh	Initialization after the keyboard controller BAT command is done. The keyboard command byte will be written next.
10h	The keyboard controller command byte has been written. Issuing the keyboard controller pin 23 and 24 blocking the unblocking command next.
11h	Keyboard controller pins 23 and 24 have been blocked and unblocked.
12h	Checked if <ins> key was pressed during power-on. Disabling the DMA and Interrupt controllers.</ins>
13h	DMA controllers 1 and 2 and interrupt controllers 1 and 2 have been disabled. The video display is disabled and port B is initialized. Initializing the chipset and doing automatic memory detection next.
14h	Chipset initialization and automatic memory detection has completed. Next, uncompressing the POST code if the BIOS has been compressed.
15h	The POST code has been umcompressed. The 8254 timer test is next.
19h	The 8254 timer test has completed. Starting the memory refresh test.
1Ah	The memory refresh line has been toggled. Checking the 15u second ON/ OFF time next.
20h	The memory refresh period 30u second test has completed. Starting the base 64KB memory and address line test next.
21 h	The address line test passed. Toggling parity next.
22h	Parity has been toggled. The sequential data Read/Write test on the base 64KB of system memory is next.
23h	The base 64KB sequential data Read/Write test passed. Next, setting the BIOS stack and doing any required configuration before the interrupt vector initialization.
24h	The configuration required before vector initialization has been completed. Interrupt vector initialization is next.
25h	Interrupt vector initialization is done. Reading the input port of the 8042 for turbo switch (if any) and clearing the password if the POST Diagnostic switch is on.
26h	The input port of the 8042 has been read. Initializing global data for the turbo switch.
27h	The global data initialization for the turbo switch is down. Any required initialization before setting the video more will be done next.
28h	Initialization before setting the video mode has completed. Setting the monochrome mode and color mode.

Codes	Description
2Ah	The monochrome and color modes have been set. Toggling parity before the optional video ROM test.
2Bh	Finished toggling parity. Passing control for required configuration before optional video ROM check.
2Ch	Processing before video ROM control is done. Searching for optional video ROM and passing control to this ROM, if present.
2Dh	Optional video ROM control is done. Passing control to do any processing after video ROM returns control to POS1.
2Eh	Return from processing after the video ROM control. If EGA or VGA video is not found, will do the display memory Read/Write test.
2Fh	EGA/VGA not found. Next, displaying the memory Read/Write test.
30h	The memory Read/Write test passed. Searching for retrace checking next.
31h	Display memory R/W test or retrace checking failed. Performing the alternate display memory Read/Write test next.
32h	The alternate display memory Read/Write test passed. Searching for alternate display retrace checking next.
34h	Video display checking over. The display mode will be set next.
37h	Display mode set. Display the power on message.
39h	New cursor position read and saved. Displaying the <i>Hit</i> < <i>DEL</i> > message next.
3Bh	The <i>Hit </i> message has been displayed. The virtual mode memory test is next.
40h	Preparing the descriptor tables next.
42h	The descriptor tables have been prepared. Entering virtual mode for the memory test next.
43h	Entered virtual mode. Enabling interrupts for diagnostics mode next.
44h	Interrupts enabled (if the diagnostics switch is no). Initializing data to check memory wrap at 0:0h.
45h	Data initialized. Checking for memory wraparound at 0:0h and finding the total system memory size.
46h	Memory wraparound test done. Memory size calculation over. Writing patterns in memory to test memory next.
47h	Pattern to be tested written in extended memory. Write patterns in base 640KB memory.

■60 User's Manual

AT STATE

0	
Codes	Description
48h	Pattern written in base memory. Determining the amount of memory below 1MB memory.
49h	Amount of memory below 1MB found and verified. Determining the amound of memory above 1MB next.
4Bh	Amount of memory above 1MB found and verified. Checking for soft reset and clearing the memory below 1MB for a soft reset. (If at power on, go to checkpoint 4Eh).
4Ch	Memory below 1MB cleared. Next, doing a soft reset to clear memory above 1MB.
4Dh	Memory above 1MB cleared via a soft reset. Saved the memory size. Going to checkpoint 52h next.
4Eh	Memory test started. A soft reset was not done. Displaying the first 64KB memory size next.
4Fh	The memory size display has started and will be updated during the memory test. The sequential and random memory tests will be performed next.
50h	Memory testing the initialization for the memory below 1MB is complete. Adjust the displayed memory size for memory relocation and shadowing next.
51h	The memory size display was adjusted because of memory relocation and shadowing. The test of the memory above 1MB will be done next.
52h	The testing and initialization of the memory above 1MB has complete. Next, saving the memory size information.
53h	The memory size information has been saved. The CPU registers have been saved. Entering real mode next.
54h	The shutdown was successful and the CPU is in real mode. Disabling the Gate A20 line next.
57h	The Gate A20 address line is disabled. Adjusting the memory size depending on the memory relocation and/or shadowing parameters.
58h	The memory size has been adjusted for memory relocation and/or shadowing. Clearing the <i>Hit <del< i=""> <i>></i> message next.</del<></i>
59h	The Hit < DEL > message has been cleared. The Wait message is being displayed. Starting the DMA and interrupt controller tests next.
60h	DMA page register test passed. The DMA controller 1 base register test is next.
62h	The DMA controller 1 base register test passed. Starting the DMA controller 2 base register test next.

User's Manual 61

Codes Description

- 65h The DMA controller 2 base register test passed. Programming DMA controllers 1 and 2 next.
- 66h DMA controllers 1 and 2 have been programmed. Initializing the 8259 interrupt controllers next.
- 67h 8259 initialization has completed. Starting the keyboard test next.
- 80h The keyboard test has started. Clearing the output buffer and checking for stuck keys. The keyboard reset command will be issued next.
- 81h A keyboard reset error or stuck key was found. Issuing the keyboard controller interface test command next.
- 82h The keyboard controller interface test completed. Writing the command byte and initializing the circular buffer next.
- 83h The keyboard command byte was written and global data initialization has completed. Checking for a locked keyboard next.
- 84h Keyboard locked key checking has completed. Checking for a memory size mismatch with the data in CMOS RAM.
- 85h The memory size check has completed. Displaying soft errors, checking for a password, or bypassing WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup next.
- 86h The password as been checked. Doing programming before WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup runs next.
- 87h Programming before WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup has completed. Uncompressing the WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup code and executing WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup next.
- 88h Returned from WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup and screen is cleared. Doing programming after WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup next.
- 89h Programming after WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup has completed. Display the power-on screen message next.
- 8Bh First power-on screen message displayed. The Wait ... message is also displayed. Shadowing of the system BIOS and Video BIOS will be done next.
- 8Ch The system and Video BIOS have been shadowed successfully. Programming system configuration options after WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup about to start.
- 8Dh The WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup options have been programmed. The mouse check and initialization will be done next.
- 8Eh The mouse check and initialization have completed. Resetting the hard disk controller next.



Codes	Description
8Fh	The hard disk controller has been reset. The floppy drive will be configured next.
91h	Floppy configuration is complete. Hard disk configuration will be done next.
94h	Hard disk configuration has complete. Setting the base and extended memory sizes next.
96h	The memory size was adjusted because of PS/2 mouse support and hard disk type 47. Next performing any initialization required before passing control to the adaptor ROM at C8000h.
97h	Initialization before C8000h adaptor ROM control has completed. Checking the C8000h adaptor ROM, then passing control to it next.
98h	C8000h adaptor ROM has passed control back to WINBIOS and AMIBIOS POST. Doing any required processing after C8000h adaptor ROM returns control next.
99h	The initialization required after the adaptor ROM test has completed. Configuring the timer data area and printer base address.
9Ah	The timer and printer base addresses have been configured. Configuring the RS-232 base I/O port address next.
9Bh	The RS-232 base I/O port address has been configured. Performing any initialization required before the coprocessor test next.
9Ch	The required initialization before the coprocessor test has completed. Initializing the coprocessor next.
9Dh	The coprocessor has been initialized. Doing any required initialization after the coprocessor test next.
9Eh	The required initialization after the coprocessor test has completed. Checking the extended keyboard, keyboard ID, and Num Lock key next.
9Fh	The extended keyboard check is done and the keyboard ID flag is set. The Num Lock key has been turned On or Off as specified in WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup. The keyboard ID command will be issued next.
A0h	The keyboard ID command was issued. The keyboard ID flag will be reset next.
A1h	The keyboard ID flag has been reset. The cache memory test will be done next.
A2h	The cache memory test has completed. Displaying any soft errors next.
A3h	The soft errors have been displayed. Setting the keyboard typematic rate next.

March 10

Codes **Description** The keyboard typematic rate has been set. Programming the memory wait A4h states next. A5h The memory wait states have been programmed. Clearing the screen and enabling parity and the NMI next. A7h The NMI and parity have been enabled. Performing any required initialization before passing control to the adaptor ROM at E0000h next. Any required initialization before the E0000h adaptor ROM gains control A8h has been completed. The E0000h adaptor ROM gets control next. A9h Control returned to WINBIOS and AMIBIOS POST from the E0000h adaptor ROM. Performing any required initialization after E0000h adaptor ROM control next. AAh Any required initialization after the E0000h adaptor ROM had control has completed. Displaying the WINBIOS and AMIBIOS system configuration screen next.

- B0h The WINBIOS and AMIBIOS system configuration is displayed. Uncompressing the WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup code for hotkey setup next, if required.
- B1h The WINBIOS and AMIBIOS Setup code for hotkey setup has been uncompressed. Copying any required code to a specific area.
- 00h The code has been copied to a specific area done. Passing control to the INT 19h boot loader.