# OARTN C, \$ ш C Z GoldProvider Authorized Warranty Service

# Service Maintenance Manual

# CELEBRIS XL & XL<sup>DP</sup> PC

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#### **March 1996**

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# **Revision History**

Revision A01	This was the original release of the Service Maintenance Manual describing the CELEBRIS XL & XL <sup>DP</sup> PC in its original configuration.
Revision B01	This revision of the CELEBRIS XL & XL <sup>DP</sup> PC Service Maintenance Manual,
	incorporates updated configurations and various models that have been added.

# Preface

The Digital CELEBRIS XL & XL<sup>DP</sup> Service Maintenance Manual is a troubleshooting guide that can be used for reference when servicing the CELEBRIS XL & XL<sup>DP</sup> line of PC's.

Digital Equipment Corporation reserves the right to make changes to the Digital CELEBRIS XL & XL<sup>DP</sup> series without notice. Accordingly, the diagrams and procedures in this document may not apply to the computer(s) to be serviced since many of the diagnostic tests are designed to test more than one product.

#### CAUTION

Digital recommends that only A+ certified engineers attempt to repair this equipment. All troubleshooting and repair procedures are detailed to support subassembly/module level exchange. Because of the complexity of the indivual boards and subassemblies, no one should attempt to make repairs at component level or to make modifications to any printed wiring board. Improper repairs can create a safety hazard. Any indications of component replacement or printed wiring board modifications may void warranty or exchange allowances.

## Chapter 1

# **Product Description**

## **Product Introduction**

Digital CELEBRIS XL & XLDP computers are high-performance personal computers featuring the latest in microprocessor and PCI local bus technology. They can be used as stand-alone computers, as clients, or as servers in a network environment. Developed using the latest in modular CPU, PCI local bus, PCIbased SCSI technology, and a host of high-performance options, the CELEBRIS XL family offers the most advanced computers in their class. It also includes Pentium-Pro (P6) models.

#### The following models are available:

•	CELEBRIS XL 590	90 MHz Pentium
•	CELEBRIS AL 590	90 MHZ Pentiun

- ♦ CELEBRIS XL 590 DP 90 MHz Pentium (Dual Processor)
- ♦ CELEBRIS XL 5100 100 MHz Pentium
- ◆ CELEBRIS XL 5100 DP 100 MHz Pentium (Dual Processor)
- ♦ CELEBRIS XL 5120 120 MHz Pentium
- CELEBRIS XL 5133 133 MHz Pentium
- ♦ CELEBRIS XL 5133 DP 133 MHz Pentium (Dual Processor)
- ♦ CELEBRIS XL 5166 166 Mhz Pentium
- CELEBRIS XL 5166 DP 166 Mhz pentium (dual processor)
- ♦ CELEBRIS XL 150 Mhz Pentium Pro

#### Significant features include:

- PCI local bus technology
- Also available as 150 MHz Pentium-Pro processor ٠
- Upgradable ZIF (Zero Insertion Force) socket 2 x ZIF 5
- 8MB system RAM minimum, expandable to 384MB, 512MB for pentium pro
- Alpha AXP upgradable ٠
- ٠ 256KB asynchronous cache on single pentium processor variants
- ٠ 512KB asynchronous cache on dual processor variants
- Plug and Play
- On-board IDE/FDU controller
- flash BIOS
- On-board PCI SCSI-2 Controller, supports Fast SCSI-2
- Two PCI slots, one PCI/ISA interleaved, three ISA expansion slots (one PCI slot used for VGA adapter)

#### Choice of video cards:

- S3 864 PCI/VGA card, 2MB DRAM, upgradable to 4MB
- High performance DIAMOND STEALTH PCI/VGA card, 2MB DRAM, upgradable to 4MB
- High performance Matrox Millennium PCI card
- 2MB WRAM upgradable to 8MB
  - ٥ 1600x1200, 256 colors, 60-72 Hz \*
  - ٥ 1280x1024, 256-65K colors, 60-90 Hz \*
  - ٥ 1024x768, 256-65K colors, 60-120 Hz \*
  - ٥ 800x600, 256-16.7M colors, 60-120 Hz \*
  - ٥ 640x480, 256-16.7M colors, 60-120 Hz \* \* The maximum values when supported by the monitor

#### Also for pentium pro:

- AccelGraphics AG300 dedicated 3D accelerator
- 5MB VRAM / frame-buffer
- 1280x1024, 65K-16.7M colors, 60-74 Hz
- 1024x768, 65K-16.7M colors, 60-74 Hz
- \* \* \* 2.5MB DRAM / 16 bit Z-buffer
- OpenGL support
- Dual Screen support
- VGA adapter required See also: http://www.accelgraphics.com
- Flash BIOS
- "Energy Star" compliant
- 300 W power supply

#### Front access bays:

- Three 5,25" x 1.6" bay
- One 3.5" x 1" bay for floppy

#### Internal access bays:

• One 3.5" x 1.6" bay for disks

## **Product Models Information**

EC = English, French, German, Italian and Spanish.

ED = Danish, Dutch, English, Finnish, French (France excluded), Norwegian and Swedish.

## CELEBRIS XL & XL<sup>DP</sup> Models (FR-8xxWW)

Product	Model	HDD	Memory	Cache	Video adapter	Options
CELEBRIS XL590	FR-873WW-AD	-	8MB	256KB	None	
	FR-873WW-WH	540MB SCSI-2	8MB	256KB	S3 864 Video card	
	FR-873WW-WN	1GB SCSI-2	16MB	256KB (Sync.B )	Diamond Stealth 64	CD-ROM
CELEBRIS XL590 DP	FR-874WW-AD	-	16MB	512KB (Sync.B )	None	
CELEBRIS XL5100	FR-875WW-AD	-	16MB	256KB (Sync.B)	None	
	FR-875WW-WN	1GB SCSI-2	16MB	256KB (Sync.B )	Diamond Stealth 64	CD-ROM
CELEBRIS XL5100 DP	FR-876WW-AD	-	16MB	512KB (Sync.B	None	

### CELEBRIS XL & XL<sup>DP</sup> Models (FR-AxxWW)

Product	Model	HDD	Memory	Cache	Video adapter	Options
CELEBRIS XL5100	FR-A03WW-AD	-	16MB	256KB	None	
	FR-A03WW-CN	1GB SCSI-2	16MB	256KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM
CELEBRIS XL5100 DP	FR-A04WW-AD	-	16MB	512KB	None	
	FR-A04WW-CN	1GB SCSI-2	16MB	512KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM
CELEBRIS XL5120	FR-A05WW-AD	-	16MB	256KB	None	
	FR-A05WW-CN	1GB SCSI-2	16MB	256KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM
CELEBRIS XL5133	FR-A07WW-AD	-	16MB	256KB	None	
	FR-A07WW-CN	1GB SCSI-2	16MB	256KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM
CELEBRIS XL5133 DP	FR-A08WW-AD	-	16MB	512KB	None	
	FR-A08WW-CN	1GB SCSI-2	16MB	512KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM
CELEBRIS XL 5166	FR-A11WW-AD	-	16MB	256KB	None	
	FR-A11WW-CN	1 GB SCSI-2	16MB	256KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM
CELEBRIS XL 5166 DP	FR-A12WW-AD	-	16MB	512KB	None	
	FR-A12WW-CN	1 GB SCSI-2	16MB	512KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM

#### **Celebris XL Pentium-Pro models**

Product	Model	HDD	Memory	Cache	Video adapter	Options
Celebris XL 6150	FR-A31WW-AD	-	16MB	256KB	None	
	FR-A31WW-CC	1 GB SCSI-2	16MB	256KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM
	FR-A31WW-CN	2 GB Wide SCSI with Ultra Wide SCSI adapter	32MB	256KB		4x SCSI CD-ROM

CELEBRIS XL6180	FR-A33WW-AD	-	16MB	256KB	None	
	FR-A33WW-CC	1GB SCSI-2	16MB	256KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM
	FR-A33WW-CN	2GB Wide SCSI with Ultra Wide SCSI adapter	32MB	256KB	3D Graphics Accelrator	4x SCSI CD-ROM

CELEBRIS XL6200	FR-A34WW-AD	-	16MB	256KB	None	
	FR-A34WW-CC	1GB SCSI-2	16MB	256KB	Matrox Millennium	4x SCSI CD-ROM
	FR-A34WW-CN	2GB Wide SCSI with Ultra Wide SCSI adapter	32MB	256KB	3D Graphics Accelrator	4x SCSI CD-ROM

# Chapter 2

# System Utilities & Configuration

## System Utilities

This chapter describes how to use the utilities and SCSI drivers supplied with the CELEBRIS XL computer. In most cases, these utilities and drivers are factory installed on the hard disk drive and supplied on diskettes.

- System utilities consisting of:
  - ♦ EPP3NS.EXE Enables to configure the computer for EPP operation.
  - ♦ Logitech mouse drivers Enables the computer to operate using a Logitech mouse.
  - ♦ KP.EXE- Enables to set a keyboard and mouse password.
- Multilingual BIOS diskette consisting of:
  - ♦ PHLASH.EXE (and associated runtime files).
  - In Binary multilingual BIOS images.
  - PHLASH\*\*.BAT files, where \*\* represents the multilingual BIOS. Run this file to upgrade the BIOS to the desired language. Refer to the section "PHLASH.EXE" later in this chapter, for additional information.
- MS-DOS/Windows, Windows NT, Netware, and OS/2 NCR SCSI Drivers For additional information on the directory structure for locating the desired driver file, see the README.TXT file supplied with the SCSI driver.
- NCR SCO UNIX SCSI Drivers For additional information on the directory structure for locating the desired driver file, see the README.TXT file supplied with the SCSI driver.

#### **Before Using System Utilities**

When not familiar with utility programs and their uses, carefully read and understand this chapter before attempting to use any of the utilities.

#### **Restoring Win95 Factory-Installed Software**

To restore all factory-installed software, proceed as follows:

- 1) With the computer off, put the WIN 95 Companion CD into the CD drive.
- 2) Insert the CELEBRIS XL Win 95 Setup/Restore diskette into the diskette drive.
- 3) Turn the computer on.

The computer boots automatically from the diskette and prompts for confirmation.

- 4) Enter [Y] to proceed and the system software will then be copied to the hard disk drive.
- 5) When prompted to do so, insert the CELEBRIS XL Win 95 Setup/Restore diskette into the CD drive, which will load the Getting Started and related help files and utilities.
- 6) When the files have been successfully copied, remove the boot diskette and the CD ROM.
- Reboot the computer. All system software is now loaded to the out-of-box factory condition.
- **NOTE** If the computer can still perform basic functions, we recommend that the customer makes backup diskettes of all important personal files. Restoring all factory-installed software will re-format the hard disk and erase all files.

#### **Restoring WFW Factory-Installed Software**

For Windows for Workgroups, run Make Media Master to create backup operating system and utilities/drivers diskettes.

The Make Media Master program prompts to place diskettes in drive A and then automatically copies the files to drive A.

To restore all factory-installed software, proceed as follows:

- 1) With the computer off, put disk 1 for the DOS setup into the diskette drive.
- 2) Turn the computer on. The computer will boot automatically from the diskette and prompts to install the other diskettes.
- 3) When the files have been successfully copied, remove the boot diskette.
- Rebot the computer. All system software is now loaded to the out-of-box factory condition.
- **NOTE** If the computer can still perform basic functions, we recommend that the customer makes backup diskettes of all important personal files. Restoring all factory-installed software will re-format the hard disk and erase all files.

#### **Restoring Windows NT Factory-Installed Software**

To restore all factory-installed software, proceed as follows:

- 1) With the computer off, put the Windows NT OS CD into the CD drive.
- 2) Insert disk 1 of the Windows NT Setup diskettes into the diskette drive.
- 3) Turn the computer on. The computer boots automatically from the diskette and prompts when to insert the other setup diskettes. Follow the instructions in the Windows NT manual.
- 4) When prompted to do so, insert the CELEBRIS XL Software Restore CD into the CD drive, which will load the related help files.
- 5) When the files have been successfully copied, remove the boot diskette and the CD ROM.
- Rebot the computer. All system software is now loaded to the out-of-box factory condition.
- **NOTE** If the computer can still perform basic functions, we recommend that the customer makes backup diskettes of all important personal files. Restoring all factory-installed software will re-format the hard disk and erase all files.

#### **Using System Utilities**

These utilities enable to upgrade or restore the BIOS and set the parallel port to EPP mode (only if the printer supports EPP mode). If this is the first time using these utility programs, it is recommended to follow the procedures in the order given.

- Turn on or reboot the computer. If POST detects an error, refer to *Chapter 4*, "*Troubleshooting*" for possible causes and suggested solutions.
- 2) If necessary, run PHLASH.EXE to restore or upgrade the BIOS to a new one provided.
- 3) Run EPP3NS.EXE to configure the computer for EPP operation.

#### PHLASH.EXE

All computers have BIOS software on a chip on the main logic board. This BIOS initializes hardware and boots the operating system when the computer is turned on. The BIOS also provides access to other services such as keyboard and disk drives.

The computer comes equipped with flash memory. This means that the BIOS can simply be restored by running the PHLASH.EXE utility. The BIOS can also be upgraded to future releases by running PHLASH.EXE along with any flash BIOS update diskette if necessary.

#### Before Using PHLASH.EXE

Before using PHLASH.EXE to upgrade the BIOS, create a crisis recovery diskette. This diskette can than be used to reprogram the BIOS in case the flash process built into the computer fails.

Have the following items available:

- A blank 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch 1.44MB formatted diskette
- A diskette copy of the multilingual BIOS upgrade diskette

#### **Creating a Crisis Recovery Diskette**

To create a crisis recovery diskette:

- 1) Turn on the computer and allow the POST to complete.
- 2) If POST detects an error refer to *Chapter 4*, "*Troubleshooting*" and take the appropriate steps to correct the problem. After the problem has been resolved, restart the computer. Insert the multilingual BIOS diskette into the diskette drive and enter: *a:dir* The entry should show the following files are on the diskette:

MINIDOS.SYS PHLASH.EXE MAKEBOOT.EXE MAKECRD.EXE

Note that there are some additional files as well. Refer to the README file on the diskette for additional information.

- 3) Create an upgrade directory on the hard disk drive. For example, if the hard disk drive is **c:**>, enter at the DOS prompt: *md upgrade*.
- 4) Copy the files from the multilingual BIOS diskette into the upgrade directory on the hard disk drive. For example, from the DOS prompt enter: *copy a:\upgrade\\*.\* c:\upgrade\\*.\**.
- 5) Insert a blank formatted diskette into drive A.
- 6) On drive A, make a directory for the files previously copied. For example, from the DOS prompt enter:

md ugrade.

- 7) Return to the hard disk drive and copy the files. From the DOS prompt enter: makecrd. The makecrd command prompts for a recovery diskette to be placed in drive A and then automatically copies the files to drive A.
- 8) Remove the crisis recovery diskette from drive A and store it in a safe place.

#### **Using the Crisis Recovery Diskette**

The crisis recovery diskette must be used only if the BIOS fails or if a BIOS upgrade was unsuccessful.

If the BIOS failed to flash properly or is corrupted in some way, the following sequence of events occur:

- 1) POST detects an error after a normal boot cycle or a BIOS upgrade.
- Messages appear on the monitor screen to inform that the BIOS did not flash properly or has failed.
- 2) The BIOS in the bootblock memory automatically executes.
- 3) The computer attempts to find the correct BIOS files to execute the correct boot cycle.
- 4) The computer beeps several times. This means the computer cannot properly boot using the BIOS files that were just copied during the flash update.
- The diskette drive begins searching for the crisis recovery diskette to restore the BIOS to its previous known state.

Restore the BIOS to its previous known state by performing the following procedures:

- Turn off the computer, unlock and remove the left-side cover, and set the recovery jumper (J34) to enabled. Also, make sure that J35 is enabled.
   Jumper J34 controls whether the computer is in recovery (Enabled) or normal (Disabled) operation.
   Jumper J35 allows for (Enabled) or prevents (Disabled) flashing of the BIOS.
- Replace the left-side cover, insert the crisis recovery diskette into drive A, and then power on the computer.

The computer automatically boots from drive A and upgrades the BIOS. Upon completion, the computer sounds a beep code and attempts to restart.

- 3) After the BIOS is restarted, turn off power to the computer and remove the crisis recovery diskette from drive A.
- 4) Remove the left-side cover and set the recovery jumper (J34) to disabled.
- 5) Replace and lock the left-side cover and turn the power back on for normal operation.

#### Upgrading The BIOS

Perform the following steps to update the BIOS in flash memory:

- 1) Create a crisis recovery diskette if not already done so.
- 2) Insert the multilingual BIOS diskette in the diskette drive.
- Turn on the computer and allow the POST to complete. The computer now boots from the multilingual BIOS diskette. If POST detects an error refer to *Chapter 4*, *"Troubleshooting"* and take the appropriate steps to correct the problem. After the problem has been resolved, restart the computer.
- At the MS-DOS prompt, type: \u03c4 upgrade \u03c4 phlash
  A screen appears on the monitor warning that you are about to erase the computer's BIOS.
- 5) Press [Enter] to continue. Else, press [Esc] to cancel. When pressing [Enter], PHLASH.EXE automatically updates the computer's BIOS. After the flashing process completes, the computer automatically reboots itself so changes immediately take effect.
- 6) Remove the multilingual BIOS diskette.

#### Upgrading the BIOS to a New Language

Perform the following steps to upgrade the BIOS to a new language:

- Turn on the computer and allow POST to complete. If POST detects an error refer to *Chapter 4*, *"Troubleshooting"* and take the appropriate steps to correct the problem. After the problem has been resolved, restart the computer.
- 2) Insert the multilingual BIOS diskette into drive A.
- At the DOS prompt, type: \phlash\*\*
  where \*\* represents the appropriate BIOS language as follows:
  GR German
  FR French
  IT Italian
  - EN English

For example, to switch to a Spanish BIOS enter: \phlashSP

A screen appears on the monitor warning that you are about to erase the BIOS.

- Press [Enter] to continue. Else, press [Esc] to cancel.
  When pressing [Enter], PHLASH.EXE automatically updates the BIOS. After the flashing process completes, the computer automatically reboots itself so changes immediately take effect.
- 5) Remove the multilingual BIOS diskette.

#### Using EPP3NS.EXE to Configure an EPP Parallel Port

EPP3NS.EXE is a device driver for configuring the parallel port as an enhanced parallel port (EPP). Before loading this device driver, check the documentation for the device to be connected to the parallel port and make sure it supports EPP mode. If it does not, there is no need to load this device driver.

If the device does support EPP mode, perform the following:

- 1) Either copy EPP3NS.EXE to the hard disk drive or locate it on the hard disk drive's factory installed software (Note the path where the driver is located).
- Edit the CONFIG.SYS file to enter the path for EPP3NS.EXE. Refer to the DOS documentation for information on editing the CONFIG.SYS file. For example a line in the CONFIG.SYS might be: device=C:\epp3ns.exe
- 3) Save the new version of the CONFIG.SYS file.
- 4) Press [Ctrl] + [Alt] + [Del] to reboot the computer.
- 5) Before POST completes, press [F2] to enter Setup.
- 6) Choose the Advanced Menu in Setup and select Parallel Port Mode.
- 7) Choose EPP mode.
- Select Save Changes and Exit to save the new setting. The computer will then automatically reboot. The parallel port is now configured as an EPP port.

#### Loading SCSI Drivers

Refer to the supplied NCR SCSI Device Management System (SDMS) User's Guide for information on loading the following NCR SCSI device drivers:

- MS-DOS/Windows
- Windows NT
- Netware
- ♦ OS/2
- SCO Unix

## **BIOS Setup Utility**

This section provides information on how to configure the computer using the BIOS Setup utility. If the computer was delivered with factory-installed software, it has already been configured.

When familiar with utility programs and their uses, refer to the appropriate sections in this chapter to setup or update the computer. Otherwise, carefully read and understand this chapter before attempting to modify the computer's configuration settings.

#### **Running the BIOS Setup Utility**

The BIOS Setup utility enables to select and permanently store information about the hardware and software in the battery-backed memory of the CMOS RAM. This information takes effect each time the computer boots and can be changed each time you run setup.

Use the BIOS Setup utility when experiencing problems with the hard disk or when there is a need to reconfigure the computer. In addition, the BIOS Setup utility may be necessary to modify the configuration after adding or removing hardware, or changing computer settings.

To run the BIOS Setup utility, perform the following steps:

- 1) Turn on the computer.
- 2) Before POST completes, press **[F2]** to display the main menu.
- 3) Follow the instructions on the monitor screen and any on-line help pop-up screens to configure the computer.

#### Manoeuvring through Setup

There are five major headings visible on the initial Setup screen. These headings are: Main, Advanced, Security, Power and Exit. The following illustration shows a partial listing of topics that are available under each of these headings.

To run the BIOS Setup utility, perform the following steps:



Figure 2 - 1 BIOS Setup Utility Flow Chart

#### **Updating The Configuration**

The following sections list the BIOS Setup utility options that can be updated or modified using the following menu selections:

- Main Enables to set basic computer configuration options (time, date, video, etc.).
- ♦ Advanced Enables to set advanced features to increase computer performance (COM ports, LPT port, etc.).
- Security Enables to set passwords and backup data reminders.
- **Power** Enables to set power saving options to save energy.
- Exit Enables to quit and save the changes.

**NOTE** Once a supervisor password is set, a user might not be able to change some BIOS Setup utility options.

#### **Helpful Hints**

Below are some helpful hints when using the BIOS Setup utility:

- Several keyboard function keys and numeric keypad keys are assigned to help selecting menus and sub-menus, options, changing option values and displaying help information. These keys are displayed at the bottom of the main menu and from the General Help pop-up screen.
- Item-specific help is available at anytime during the setup process and appears at the right of the setup screen each time an option is highlighted. This on-line help provides information about a highlighted option.
- Select "Save Changes & Exit" from the exit menu to save all Setup values.
- Select "Discard Changes & Exit" from the exit menu to exit Setup without recording any changes.
- Select "Get Default Values" from the exit menu to set all Setup options to their default values.
- Select "Load Previous Changes" from the exit menu to restore all CMOS values from the last session.
- Select "Save Changes" from the exit menu to save all selections without exiting Setup.
- Press **[Esc]** to exit a sub-menu and return to the main menu.
- Press [Esc] from the main menu to go to the exit menu.

#### **Main Menu Options**

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
System time	Current time	Displays the current time.
System date	Current date	Displays the current date.
Language	English	This field only displays the current language of the BIOS. The setting
	Español	in Setup can not be changed. Instead, use PHLASH** to change the
	Français	BIOS, where ** is the language extension.
	Deutsch	The BIOS Setup utility supports only one language per computer.
	Italiano	
Diskette	1.44MB, 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Sets the size and density of diskette drives.
drive A	2.88MB, 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	
Diskette	Not Installed	
drive B	1.2MB, 51/4	
	720KB, 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	
Autotype fixed	Press [Enter]	Press [Enter] to detect and fill in the installed hard disk drive
disk		parameters in the remaining fields.
Type <sup>(1)</sup>	1 to 39	Selecting 1 to 39 automatically fills in the remaining fields in this
	User	menu.
		Selecting User prompts to fill in the remaining fields with the
		installed hard disk drive's parameters. <sup>(2)</sup>
Cylinders <sup>(1)</sup>	0 to 4095	Displays the number of cylinders.
Heads <sup>(1)</sup>	1 to 64	Displays the number of heads.
Sectors/track <sup>(1</sup>	0 to 63	Displays the number of sectors/track.
)		
Write	0 to 4095	Displays the number of cylinders that have their write timing
precomp <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	None	changed.
Multi-sector	2 sectors	Determines the number of sectors per block for multiple sector
transfers	4 sectors	transfers.
	8 sectors	
	16 sectors	
	Auto	
	Disabled	Auto refers to the size the disk returns when queried.
LBA control	Disabled	Enables or disables the LBA hard disk drive addressing option.
mode	Enabled	
Video system	EGA / VGA	Sets the video controller type.
	CGA 80x25	
	Monochrome	

(1) These fields are automatically filled in if the computer auto-detected an installed hard disk drive.

<sup>(2)</sup> Incorrect settings can cause the computer to malfunction.

#### **Memory and Cache Options**

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
Internal cache	Enabled	Enables or disables the internal cache.
	Disabled	Note: The internal cache is internal to the CDU
E. A. S. I	English (WD)	The enternal cache is internal to the CFU.
External	Enable (WB)	The external cache operates in write-Back (wB) Mode II Enable has
cache	English (WT)	been selected.
	Enable (w1)	has been selected
	Disable	has been selected.
	Disable	(WB).
System BIOS	Not user	The main logic board reserves an area of DRAM for a copy of system
shadow	selectable,	BIOS ROM. This DRAM called "shadow memory" is write-protected
	permanently set	and has the same addresses as the system BIOS ROM locations.
	to Enabled.	When shadowing system BIOS ROM, the ROM information is copied
		into an appropriate area in DRAM. This increases the performance
		because the system BIOS instructions are in fast DRAM instead of
~ •		ROM.
Cache system	Enabled	This option enables the system BIOS to be cached in the internal
BIOS	Disabled	cache and external cache (if installed). This increases computer
		performance because BIOS instructions can be executed in cache
V'L DIOG	F 11 1	instead of RAM.
video BIOS	Enabled Disabled	I ne main logic board reserves an area of DRAM for a copy of video
snadow	Disabled	and has the same addresses as the video PIOS POM logations. When
		shadowing video BIOS POM the POM information is conjed into an
		appropriate area in DRAM. This increases the performance because
		the video BIOS instructions are in fast DRAM instead of ROM.
Cache video	Enabled	This option enables the video BIOS to be cached in the internal cache
BIOS	Disabled	and external cache (if installed). This increases computer
		performance as video BIOS instructions can be executed in cache
		instead of RAM.
Shadow	Enabled	Allows to enable or disable shadowing of individual segments of
option ROM's	Disabled	ROM to increase computer performance.
C800-CBFF		
CC00-CFFF		Caution: Some option ROMs do not operate properly when
D000-D3FF		shadowed.
D400-D7FF		
D800-DBFF		
DC00-DFFF		

AT bus space	Disabled	Memory hole not available, upper memory is contiguous.
	C00000h,	Sets the memory hole at address C00000 with 4MB memory
	4MB	available.
	E00000h,	
	2MB	Sets the memory hole at address E00000 with 2MB memory
	F00000h,	available.
	1MB	
		Sets the memory hole at address F00000 with 1MB memory available.
System	Not user	Displays the amount of base (conventional) memory each time the
memory	selectable	computer boots.
Extended	Not user	Displays the amount of extended memory each time the computer
memory	selectable	boots.

#### Memory and Cache Options (continued)

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
Extended	Compatibility	Selects the BIOS report mechanism for memory amount.
memory		Select Compatibility when using a conventional operating system.
report	Non-	Select Non-Compatibility for extended memory above 64MB under
	compatibility	Windows NT V3.1.

#### **Boot Options**

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
Boot sequence	A: only A: then C: C: then A: C: only	Each time the computer boots, it will load the operating system from the selected sequence.
SETUP	Enabled	Enables or disables the <f2> setup prompt each time the computer</f2>
prompt	Disabled	boots. When Disabled is selected, only the prompt informing you when to press <f2> to enter Setup is disabled. Setup can still be entered by pressing <f2> before POST completes.</f2></f2>
POST errors	Enabled Disabled	Enabling this options causes the computer to pause and display a setup entry or resume the boot prompt if an error occurs at boot. Disabling this option causes the computer to always attempt to boot
Floppy check	Enabled Disabled	Enabling this option causes the computer to verify the diskette type each time the computer boots. Disabling this option speeds up the boot process.
Summary screen	Enabled Disabled	Enabling this option causes the computer to display configuration parameters (in the form of a summary screen) during boot.

#### **Keyboard Features**

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
Numlock	Auto	Turns Numlock on or off each time the computer boots.
	On	
	Off	Note: When Auto has been selected, the computer will turn on
		Numlock if it detects a numeric keypad.
Key click	Disabled	Enables or disables the audible key click feature.
	Enabled	
Keyboard	30/sec	Sets the number of times a second to repeat a keystroke while holding
auto-repeat	2/sec	the key down.
rate	6/sec	
	10/sec	
	13.3/sec	
	18.5/sec	
	21.8/sec	
	26.7/sec	
Keyboard	1/2 sec	Sets the delay time after a key is held down before it begins to repeat
auto-repeat	3/4 sec	a keystroke.
delay	1 sec	
	1/4 sec	

#### **Integrated Peripherals**

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
Mouse port	Disabled	Enables or disables the mouse port.
	Enabled	
Parallel port	Auto	Enables or disables the onboard port at the specified address.
_	Disabled	
	3BC, IRQ 7	Note: Two devices cannot share the same IRQ. Also, choosing
	378, IRQ 7	disable makes the parallel port unusable.
	278, IRQ 5	
Diskette	Enabled	Enables or disables the onboard diskette controller.
controller	Disabled	
Exchange	Disabled	Enables to logically exchange physical diskette drive designations.
diskette drives	Enabled	

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
Diskette write	Disabled	Enables or disables the selected diskette drive's write protect option.
protection	Enabled	
Parallel port	Compatible	Standard printer connection.
mode	mode	
	Bi-directional	PS/2 compatible mode and able to receive data.
	mode	
	ECP mode	Extended capabilities port mode.
	FPP 17	Enhanced parallel port mode
	EPP 1.9	Selection based on what EPP version the printer supports
	LII 1.9	Only choose a mode that the parallel port device (such as a printer)
		supports. Check the parallel port device documentation for this
		information
Serial port 1	Auto	Enables or disables onboard serial port 1 at the specified address
Seria pore 1	Disabled	Select Auto unless interrupts IRO4 and/or IRO3 have been allocated
	3F8, IRO 4	as a computer resource.
	2F8, IRO 3	Two devices cannot share the same IRQ. Choosing Disable makes
	3E8, IRQ4	serial port 1 unusable. When selecting Auto, setup configures COM1
	2E8, IRQ3	to address = $3F8h$ and $IRQ = 4$ .
Serial port 2	Auto	Enables or disables onboard serial port 2 at the specified address.
_	Disabled	Select Auto unless having interrupts IRQ4 and/or IRQ3 allocated as a
	3F8, IRQ 4	computer resource.
	2F8, IRQ 3	Two devices cannot share the same IRQ. Choosing Disable makes
	3E8, IRQ4	serial port 2 unusable. When Auto has been selected, setup
	2E8, IRQ3	configures COM2 to address = $2F8h$ and $IRQ = 3$ .
IDE controller	Enabled	Enables or disables the onboard IDE controller.
	Disabled	
On-board	Enabled	Enables or disables the onboard PCI SCSI device.
SCSI device	Disabled	
External SCSI	Disabled	Enables or disables the main logic board's external SCSI port.
device	Enabled	

### Integrated Peripherals (continued)

#### **Advanced Chipset Control Options**

**NOTE** The following advanced chipset control options should normally stay at their default values.

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
CPU to PCI	Disabled	Enables or disables the CPU to PCI write buffers.
write buffers	Enabled	These buffers enable data to be temporarily stored before writing the
		data.
VGA palette	Enabled	This option controls how VGA devices handle accesses to their palette
snoop	Disabled	areas. Enabling this option causes special palette behavior (a device
	Default	must not respond to normal accesses). Disabling this option causes a
		device to treat palette accesses like any other device access.
		Enable VGA Palette Snoop when a second video adapter is connected
		to the feature connector of the installed VGA adapter for multi-media
DOT 1	5 11 1	devices.
PCI parity	Enabled	Enables or disables the parity checking feature of the PCI bus.
	Disabled	Enabled gives higher reliability on PCI bus transfers. Disabled may
		for the former of the former o
<b>DCI</b> orbitor	System default	Use the PIOS default value, PIOS will calculat optimal settings based
r Cr arbiter	System default	on the current computer hardware configuration
priority <sup>(1)</sup>	Pure rotating	The priority rotates for all PCI devices
	ISA slot	ISA slot has the highest priority
	Onboard SCSI	Onboard SCSI has the highest priority.
	CPU	CPU has the highest priority.
	PCI slot 1	PCI slot 1 has the highest priority.
	PCI slot 2	PCI slot 2 has the highest priority.
	PCI slot 3	PCI slot 3 has the highest priority.
On-board	40h, 48h	Each PCI device has a latency timer register. This register specifies,
SCSI latency	50h, 58h	in PCI clocks, the value of the latency timer for a particular PCI
timer	60h, 68h	device master.
	70h, 78h	
	80h, 88h	
	90h, 98h	
	A0h, A8h	
	BUN, BAN	
	D0h D8h	
	F0h F8h	
	F0h, F8h	
	Default	
	08h, 10h	
	18h	
	20h, 28h	
	30h, 38h	

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
PCI slot 1-3 latency timer	40h, 48h, 50h, 58h, 60h, 68h, 70h, 78h, 80h, 88h, 90h, 98h, A0h, A8h, B0h, B8h, C0h, C8h, D0h, D8h, E0h, E8h, F0h, F8h, Default, 08h, 10h, 18h, 20h, 28h, 30h, 38h	Each PCI device has a latency timer register. This register specifies, in PCI clocks, the value of the latency timer for a particular PCI device master.
Plug & Play O/S	Yes No	Select Yes when using a Plug & Play operating system. Otherwise, select No.
Large disk access mode	DOS Other	Select DOS if MS-DOS has been installed. Select Other if another operating system has been installed. A large disk drive constitutes one that has more than 1024 cylinders, 16 heads, or 63 tracks per sector.

#### Advanced Chipset Control Options (continued)

(1) The PCI arbiter priority selection for factory installed PCI expansion boards should stay at the factory default settings. Modification to the default settings can cause computer failure.

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
Supervisor password is	Not user selectable	Tells whether or not the supervisor's password is enabled or disabled.
User password is	Not user selectable	Tells whether or not the user's password is enabled or disabled.
Set supervisor password	Press [Enter]	Enables to set a supervisor password. It is necessary to set the supervisor password when intending to allow the user password to be used. When the supervisor later enters his or her password, all user selectable features are accessible.
		<b>Note:</b> Entering Setup with a supervisor password provides full access to all BIOS Setup utility menus.

#### **Security Options**

#### Security Options (continued)

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
Set user password	Press [Enter]	Enables to set a user password. This password can only be set if a supervisor password is entered. When the user has entered his or her name but the supervisor is not logged in, only the following information is accessible: Supervisor password is Enabled. User password is Enabled. Set user password [press enter] to enter a user password. Password on boot Enabled/Disabled (whichever is in effect). This option is not allowed to change. Custom sign on banner Enabled/Disabled (whichever is in effect). This option is not allowed to change.
		<b>Note</b> : Entering Setup with a user password restricts access to certain BIOS Setup utility menus. Also, this option requires prior setting of the supervisor password.
Password on boot	Enabled Disabled	Enables or disables the enter password on boot option. <b>Note</b> : This option requires prior setting of the supervisor/user password.
Custom sign on banner is	Not user selectable	Tells if the custom sign on banner is enabled or disabled.
Custom sign on banner	Press [Enter]	Press [Enter] to enter a custom sign on banner that displays during POST. For example, you might enter " <i>Welcome to John's machine</i> ". The maximum number of characters is 50.
Diskette access	Supervisor User	Enables to control who has access to diskette drives. When selecting Supervisor, access to the diskette drive is limited to the supervisor, who must enter his or her password. When selecting User, the diskette can be accessed by entering either the supervisor or the user password. Whatever setting has been chosen, it only becomes functional if you have set a Supervisor Password and a User Password (when User has been chosen for the setting).
Fixed disk boot sector	Normal Write protect	Enables to write protect the boot sector on the hard disk drive.
Network server	Enabled Disabled	This option keeps the computer from being accessed during network operation.
System backup reminder	Disabled Daily Weekly Monthly	Enables or disables the system backup reminder message.
Virus check reminder	Disabled Daily Weekly Monthly	Enables or disables the virus check reminder message.

#### **Power Options**

Menu Fields	Settings	Comments
Power	Enabled	Enables or disables the following power management options.
management	Disabled	
Hard disk	Enabled	Allows to disable or enable the hard disk suspend timer feature or
suspend timer	Disabled	after a set period of disk drive inactivity (approximately 21 minutes),
_		allows the hard disk drive to spin down its motor to save power. For
		IDE hard disk drives only.
System	Disabled	After a set period of computer inactivity, the BIOS places the
suspend timer	30 min.	computer in a suspend state (maximum power savings), that is, the
_	1 hour	monitor, hard disk, CPU and fan are shut off.
	1.5 hours	When a timer for the field has been set, also set Power Management to
	2 hours	Enabled.
	3 hours	Alternately, this option may be disabled.
	4 hours	
Quick suspend	Enabled	Enabling this option allows to put the computer in suspend mode by
	Disabled	pressing [Ctrl] + [Alt] + [Esc].

# Chapter 3

# Service Procedures

## Safety Requirements

#### WARNING

Static electricity collects on non-conductors such as paper, cloth, or plastic. A static discharge can be damaging even though you often cannot see or feel it.

The following safety precautions must be observed to insure product and personal safety and prevent damage to circuit boards and/or components:

- Always wear an ESD wrist strap when handling ESD sensitive material and be sure it is properly connected.
- Keep circuit boards and components away from non-conductors.
- Keep clothing away from circuit boards and components.
- Keep circuit boards in anti-static bags.
- Be cautious when AC power is applied when working on an assembly.
- Always use an isolation transformer when diagnosing any terminals, monitors or power supplies when AC power is applied.
- Be cautious of very high voltage potentials when working with monitors.

There should be an approved insulating mat (for technician safety) in front of any workbench where monitors, terminals or power modules are being serviced when power is applied.

**NOTE** Do NOT wear ESD straps when working on terminals,monitors or power supplies when AC power is applied. This is to avoid the hazard of electrical shock.

#### **Recommended Tools**

The following tools are needed for servicing Digital PC systems:

- Multimeter (4 1/2 digit)
- A philips screwdriver
- An antistatic wrist strap

#### **Other Materials Needed**

Cleaning agent should be an all purpose cleaner that is used in-house.

#### **Special Tools Required**

None.

#### **Remedial Diagnostic Test Software**

• *QAPLUS/fe*, PC Advanced Diagnostic Software, latest version.

Supplier information: Diagsoft, Inc. 5615 Scotts Valley Drive, Suite 140 Scotts Valley, California 95066, U.S.A. Voice: 1-408-438-8247 Fax: 1-408-438-7113 Internet: http://www.diagsoft.com (Diagsoft, Inc. homepage)

#### **Recommended Virus Detection and Cleanup Software**

• *F-PROT*, Virus Detection and Cleanup Software, latest version. Supplier information:

North America, South America, Australia and New Zealand: Command Software Systems Inc. Tel: +1-407-575 3200 Fax: +1-407-575 3026

Most of Europe, Africa, Middle and Far East: Data Fellows Ltd Paivantaite 8 FIN-02210 ESPOO FINLAND tel: +358-0-478 444 fax: +358-0-478 44599 e-mail: f-prot@datafellows.fi Internet: http://www.datafellows.fi (Data Fellows Ltd. homepage)
# ECO/FCO Information

### **BIOS Version Information**

Refer to the Digital DECpc Bulletin Board Support (telephone number: xx33 92960312) for the latest information on BIOS upgrades.

# Removing The Side Panel

Before removing the side panel, perform the following:

- 1) Turn off power to all external devices connected to the computer.
- 2) Turn computer off.
- 3) Unplug power cord from wall outlet.
- 4) Disconnect power cord and monitor cord from computer.



#### WARNING

You might injure yourself or damage the computer if you attempt to remove the side panel before unplugging the ac and monitor power cords.

To unlock the side panels, turn the chassis key clockwise to a horizontal position (see Figure 3-1). To remove the side panels, pull each one toward the rear of the computer and then lift away.



### Figure 3 - 1 Unlocking and Removing the Side Panels

# **Computer Components**

Legend	Component
Α	Power supply
В	ISA and PCI 32-bit local bus expansion slots
С	CPU module
D	Main logic board
Ε	3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> -inch diskette drive
F	Three 5 <sup>1</sup> /4-inch half-height drive bays
G	Hidden 3 <sup>1</sup> /2-inch half-height drive bay



# **Expansion Slots**

The CELEBRIS XL computer contains seven expansion board slots (refer to Figure 3 - 4). Four of the slots support industry-standard 16-bit ISA expansion boards. The remaining three PCI local bus expansion slots support 32-bit PCI local bus expansion boards. This enables the computer to deliver maximum performance by using a wider data path for higher computing speed. It also improves the expandability of the computer.

Expansion Slot	Slot Type	Description
J7, J8, J9	ISA	Supports industry-standard 16-bit ISA expansion boards.
J6	ISA	Supports industry-standard 16-bit ISA expansion boards.
		Designated as a shared slot with PCI slot J13. <sup>(1)</sup>
J11/PCI slot 1	PCI	Supports bus mastering 32-bit PCI expansion boards. Digital recommends to install the 32-bit PCI video adapter in this slot.
J12/PCI slot 2	PCI	Supports bus mastering 32-bit PCI expansion boards. Digital recommends to install 32-bit bus mastering PCI expansion boards in this slot.
J13/PCI slot 3	PCI	Supports bus mastering 32-bit PCI expansion boards. Designated as a shared slot with ISA slot J6. <sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Only one expansion board can reside in slot J6 and J13 at any time. These slots have to share the expansion slot opening at the rear panel.



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Figure 3 - 4 CELEBRIS XL Expansion Board Slots

# Main Logic Board Switches/Jumpers

The following table lists the main logic board switches/jumpers and factory-default settings. Figure 3 - 5 shows the locations of the main logic board switch/jumper pins.

#### CAUTION

Do not touch any electronic component unless you are safely grounded. Wear a grounded wrist strap or touch an exposed metal part of the computer chassis. A static discharge from your fingers can result in permanent damage to electronic components.

Feature	Description	Setting
Flash ROM upgrade	Enable <sup>(1)</sup>	J35, jumpered <sup>(1)</sup>
	Disable	J35, open
Recovery mode	Normal <sup>(1)</sup>	J34, open <sup>(1)</sup>
	Recovery mode	J34, jumpered
Display type	Mono <sup>(1)</sup>	J33, open <sup>(1)</sup>
	Color	J33, jumpered
Password clear	Normal <sup>(1)</sup>	J32, open <sup>(1)</sup>
	Password clear (MFG test)	J32, jumpered
Clear CMOS to default	Normal operation <sup>(1)</sup>	J29, open <sup>(1)</sup>
settings	Clear CMOS	J29, jumpered
Reprogrammed boot block	Disable <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	J40, pins 1 and 2 jumpered <sup>(1)</sup>
	Enable	J40, pins 2 and 3 jumpered

### Main Logic Board Jumper Settings

(1) Factory default setting.

<sup>(2)</sup> Disabling this jumper prevents corruption of the boot block when a boot block update is not required.



# Main Logic Board Jumper Locations

Figure 3 - 5 Main Logic Board Jumper Locations

# **Computer Memory Configurations**

Adding more memory allows the computer to run larger, more complicated software and to run it faster. The amount of memory the computer supports depends on the type of CPU module that has been installed. When the Pentium PCI Series CPU module has been installed, the computer will support up to 192MB using 32MB SIMMs on SIMM banks 0 through 5.

The computer is shipped with at least 8MB of memory. 4MB, 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, or 64MB (future) single in-line memory modules (SIMMs) may be added.

When installing SIMMs take care of the following:

- SIMMs must be installed in pairs. For example, a 32MB SIMM in bank 0 and a 32MB SIMM in bank 1. Different SIMM sizes can not be mixed within banks.
- SIMMs must be the same type, size, and speed.
- SIMMs must have an access time of 70 ns or less.

For Celebris XL 6150 Pentium-Pro:

- Memory must be upgraded in pairs in non-interleaved mode. (Two memory SIMMs of equal capacity)
- Memory must be upgraded in increments of 4 in interleaved mode (Two pairs of equal capacity SIMMs)
- System auto-detects capability to enter interleaved mode
- System auto-detects use of 60 ns memory.
- Only those configurations listed below are allowed
- Maximum 192MB

Only those configurations listed below are allowed :

Bank 0	Bank 1	Bank 2	Bank 3	Bank 4	Bank 5	Total
4MB	4MB					8MB
4MB	4MB	4MB	4MB			16MB
8MB	8MB					16MB
4MB	4MB	4MB	4MB	4MB	4MB	24MB
4MB	4MB	8MB	8MB			24MB
8MB	8MB	8MB	8MB			32MB
4MB	4MB	4MB	4MB	8MB	8MB	32MB
16MB	16MB					32MB
4MB	4MB	8MB	8MB	8MB	8MB	40MB
4MB	4MB	16MB	16MB			40MB
8MB	8MB	16MB	16MB			48MB
8MB	8MB	8MB	8MB	8MB	8MB	48MB
4MB	4MB	8MB	8MB	16MB	16MB	56MB

### Memory Configurations (Pentium series)

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16MB	16MB	16MB	16MB		64MB
32MB	32MB				64MB
4MB	4MB	32MB	32MB		72MB

Bank 0	Bank 1	Bank 2	Bank 3	Bank 4	Bank 5	Total
4MB	4MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	72MB
4MB	4MB	4MB	4MB	32MB	32MB	80MB
8MB	8MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	80MB
8MB	8MB	32MB	32MB			80MB
4MB	4MB	8MB	8MB	32MB	32MB	88MB
8MB	8MB	8MB	8MB	32MB	32MB	96MB
16MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	96MB
16MB	16MB	32MB	32MB			96MB
8MB	8MB	16MB	16MB	32MB	32MB	112MB
32MB	32MB	32MB	32MB			128MB
16MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	32MB	32MB	128MB
4MB	4MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	136MB
8MB	8MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	144MB
16MB	16MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	160MB
32MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	192MB
32MB	32MB	32MB	32MB	64MB	64MB	256MB
64MB	64MB	64MB	64MB			256MB
4MB	4MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	264MB
8MB	8MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	272MB
16MB	16MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	288MB
32MB	32MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	320MB
64MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	64MB	384MB

## Memory Configurations (Pentium series) (continued)

## Memory Configurations for Pentium-Pro

The following tables show the recommended memory upgrade paths. When using non-interleaved mode, upgrade the system memory in pairs, by installing two SIMMs of equal capacity (one on each side of the CPU module).

### **Non-Interleaved Modes**

Bank 0 (J1-J4)	Bank 1 (J8-J11)	Total
4MB x 2		8MB
4MB x 2	4MB x 2	16MB
4MB x 2	8MB x 2	24MB
4MB x 2	16MB x 2	40MB
4MB x 2	32MB x 2	72MB
4MB x 2	64MB x 2	136MB
8MB x 2		16MB
8MB x 2	8MB x 2	32MB

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8MB x 2	16MB x 2	48MB

Bank 0 (J1-J4)	Bank 1 (J8-J11)	Total
8MB x 2	32MB x 2	80MB
8MB x 2	64MB x 2	144MB
16MB x 2		32MB
16MB x 2	16MB x 2	64MB
16MB x 2	32MB x 2	96MB
16MB x 2	64MB x 2	160MB
32MB x 2		64MB
32MB x 2	32MB x 2	128MB
32MB x 2	64MB x 2	192MB
64MB x 2		128MB
64MB x 2	64MB x 2	256MB

## Non-Interleaved Modes (continued)

64MB SIMMs are a future option.

## **Interleaved Modes**

Interleave 0		Interleave 1		
Bank 0 (J1, J2)	Bank 1 (J3, J4)	Bank 0 (J8, J9)	Bank 1 (J10, J11)	Total
4MB x 2		4MB x 2		16MB
4MB x 2	4MB x 2	4MB x 2	4MB x 2	32MB
4MB x 2	8MB x 2	4MB x 2	8MB x 2	48MB
4MB x 2	16MB x 2	4MB x 2	16MB x 2	80MB
4MB x 2	32MB x 2	4MB x 2	32MB x 2	144MB
4MB x 2	64MB x 2	4MB x 2	64MB x 2	272MB
8MB x 2		8MB x 2		32MB
8MB x 2	8MB x 2	8MB x 2	8MB x 2	64MB
8MB x 2	16MB x 2	8MB x 2	16MB x 2	96MB
8MB x 2	32MB x 2	8MB x 2	32MB x 2	160MB
8MB x 2	64MB x 2	8MB x 2	64MB x 2	288MB
16MB x 2		16MB x 2		64MB
16MB x 2	16MB x 2	16MB x 2	16MB x 2	128MB
16MB x 2	32MB x 2	16MB x 2	32MB x 2	192MB
16MB x 2	64MB x 2	16MB x 2	64MB x 2	320MB
32MB x 2		32MB x 2		128MB
32MB x 2	32MB x 2	32MB x 2	32MB x 2	256MB
32MB x 2	64MB x 2	32MB x 2	64MB x 2	384MB
64MB x 2		64MB x 2		256MB
64MB x 2	64MB x 2	64MB x 2	64MB x 2	512MB

When using interleaved mode, install four SIMMs: Install two pairs of equal capacity SIMMs on each side of the CPU module.

# Installing Single In-Line Memory Modules (SIMMs)

To install a SIMM, perform the following:

- 1) Turn off the computer. Disconnect any external devices and unplug the power cord from the wall outlet. Unplug the power cord and monitor cord from the back of the computer.
- 2) Unlock and remove the left side panel.
- 3) Unplug the power connector from J6 on the CPU module and remove the module, placing it on an anti-static surface.
- 4) Locate the memory sockets on the CPU module and plan the configuration layout. For optimum performance, use the interleaved mode:

Interle	eave 1	Interle	eave O
Bank 1	Bank 0	Bank 1	Bank 0
J11	J9	J4	J2
J10	J8	J3	J1

CAUTION

Static electricity can cause damage to components. Before handling any module, make sure to discharge all static electricity from your body by touching an exposed metal surface of the chassis.

- 6) Remove the new memory SIMMs from their anti-static packaging, handling them only by the edges.
- 7) When installing SIMMs, use the following sequence starting with the sockets closest to the center of the module (See Figures 3 - 6 and 3 - 7)
  1 J1 and J8
  - 2 J2 and J9 3 J3 and J10 4 J4 and J11
- 8) Install the SIMM into the socket at a 45 degree angle, as shown Figure 3 6. Rock the SIMM gently until it is seated in the socket. Tip the SIMM upright until the retaining clips at the ends of the socket both engage.



### CAUTION

Use care when installing SIMMs. The retaining clips on the sockets can break when seating the SIMM incorrectly.



#### Figure 3 - 6 Installing a SIMM

DEC00716-5

- 9) Install and secure the CPU module to the main logic board.
- 10) Reconnect the power cable to J6 of the CPU module.
- 11) Replace and lock the left side panel.
- 12) Reconnect the power cord and monitor cord to the back of the computer. Reconnect any external devices and plug the power cord into the wall outlet.
- 13) Run the BIOS Setup utility, reboot and press [F2] before POST completes.
- 14) Select Save Changes and Exit.

The computer reboots and now recognizes the amount of new memory. When returning to Setup, the Extended Memory field reflects the additional memory

# Main Logic Board SIMM Socket Locations



Figure 3 - 7 Main Logic Board SIMM Socket Locations

# Part Removal and Replacement Procedures

## **Removing Devices in the Upper Drive Bay Area**

To remove a device from the upper drive bay area perform the following steps:

- 1) Turn off the computer. Disconnect any external devices and unplug the power cord from the wall outlet. Unplug the power cord and monitor cord from the back of the computer.
- 2) Unlock and remove both side panels.
- 3) Disconnect power and ribbon cables.
- 4) Remove screws securing device to chassis.
- 5) Slide device drive out of the upper drive bay.



Figure 3 - 8 Removing a Device from the Upper Drive Bay Area

# Removing Devices in the Lower Drive Bay Area

The lower drive bay area holds two  $3\frac{1}{2}$ -inch devices, typically a diskette drive and a hard drive. To remove the devices in the lower drive bay area, remove the entire drive bay assembly from the computer and then remove the devices from the assy.

Perform the following steps:

- 1) Turn off the computer. Disconnect any external devices and unplug the power cord from the wall outlet.
- 2) Unplug the power cord and monitor cord from the back of the computer.
- 3) Unlock and remove the left side panel.
- 4) Remove the cables from the devices in the lower drive bay.
- 5) Note the position of the cables so that they can be reconnected to the correct devices later.
- 6) Lift up on the retaining clip at the rear top of the drive bay assembly and slide the assembly to the rear of the computer (A, Figure 3 9).
- 7) Remove a device by removing the screws on the side and sliding the device out of the lower bay assembly.



#### CAUTION

Be sure to support the drive bay assembly so that it does not fall and damage circuit boards.



Figure 3 - 9 Removing the Lower Drive Bay Assembly





DEC00601

Figure 3 - 10 Removing the Lower Drive Bay Devices

# **Removing Main Logic Board**

To remove the main logic board:

- 1) Turn off external devices and computer.
- 2) Disconnect external devices, ac power and monitor power.
- 3) Unlock and remove side panel.
- 4) Remove all connectors (A F).
- 5) Remove CPU module retaining bracket and CPU module.
- 6) Remove all expansion boards.
- 7) Remove mounting screws (G).
- 8) Carefully rotate the main logic board out, bottom first.



Figure 3 - 11 Removing the Main logic Board

## **Removing Fan / Speaker Assembly**

To remove the Fan/Speaker Assembly perform the following steps:

- 1) Turn off the computer. Disconnect any external devices and unplug the power cord from the wall outlet. Unplug the power cord and monitor cord from the back of the computer.
- 2) Unlock and remove the left side panel.
- 3) Remove fan and speaker connections.
- 4) Depress tabs.
- 5) Pull Fan/Speaker assembly forward.



Figure 3 - 12 Removing the Fan / Speaker Assembly (Pentium)



DEC00185

# **Removing Power Supply**

To remove the power supply:

- 1) Turn off external devices and computer.
- 2) Disconnect external devices, ac power, and monitor power.
- 3) Unlock and remove side panel.
- 4) Remove metal shield.
- 5) Remove the upper and lower devices.
  - Step 1: Remove ON/OFF switch (Figure 3-14).

Step 2: Remove screw from the Powerplug and pull out the Power Plug (Figure 3-15).

Step 3: Remove four screws from the rear, and remove Power Supply (Figure 3-16).



Figure 3 - 14 Removing the ON/OFF Switch



Figure 3 - 15 Removing the power plug



Figure 3 - 16 Removing the screws at the rear and Power Supply

## **Removing the CPU Module**

To Remove the CPU module:

- 1) Turn off the computer. Disconnect any external devices and unplug the power cord from the wall outlet. Unplug the power cord and monitor cord from the back of the computer.
- 2) Unlock and remove the left side panel.
- 3) Remove the screw that secures the CPU module to the rear panel.
- 4) Grasping both ends of the CPU module, carefully remove it from the main logic board.
- 5) Store the CPU module in an anti-static package.



DEC00174-2

Figure 3 - 17 Removing the CPU Module

# Replacing the Computer Battery/Real Time Clock (RTC)

The computer battery/real time clock (battery) runs the computer clock and retains any setup information when it is turned off.

To replace the battery, perform the following steps:

- 1) Turn off the computer. Disconnect any external devices and unplug the power cord from the wall outlet. Unplug the power cord and monitor cord from the back of the computer.
- 2) Unlock and remove the left side panel.
- 3) Remove the battery.
- 4) Install the new battery.
- 5) Replace and lock the left side panel.
- 6) Connect the power cord and monitor cord to the back of the system box.
- 7) Connect any external devices and plug the power cord into the wall outlet.



#### CAUTION

Make sure pin 1 on the battery is correctly aligned with the pin 1 location on the socket (A, Figure 3-18). The pin 1 location on the battery is designated by a white dot in the lower left corner of the battery. Incorrect installation may cause faulty computer operation.



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## Figure 3 - 18 Installing the Computer Battery/Real-Time Clock

# **Upgrading Procedures**

### Identification

The computer has a CPU processor chip that has an internal speed of 150 MHz or higher speed. The speed is marked on the large heat sink for this processor chip on the CPU module. *Example: The 6150 CPU module is marked 150 MHz. The model 6150 CPU is 150 MHz; the 6180 CPU is 180 MHz; and the 6200 CPU is 200 MHz.* 

CAUTION

Static electricity can cause damage to components. Before handling any module, CPU, or memory chips, make sure to discharge all static electricity from your body by touching an exposed metal surface of the computer's chassis.

## Upgrading the CPU module

CELEBRIS XL computers are equipped with Intel Pentium<sup>™</sup> CPU modules. The Pentium CPU and related high-performance caching circuitry are located on a CPU module which is connected to the main logic board inside the computer.

Features of these CPU modules include:

- Intel Pentium microprocessor operating at one of the following speeds:
  - 90 MHz internally, 60 MHz externally
  - -100 MHz internally, 66 MHz externally
- Secondary cache memory
   -Upgradeable secondary cache memory module
- ZIF socket for CPU upgrades
- Secondary ZIF socket for future overdrive processor upgrades Additional CPU modules with more or different features may become available at a later date.

# **NOTE** Both CPU ZIF sockets will be occupied on CELEBRIS XL computers which support dual processing.

To install a higher performance CPU:

- 1) Remove the CPU module.
- 2) Place the CPU module on an anti-static surface.
- 3) Lift up on the release lever for the empty ZIF socket.
- 4) Install the new CPU and return the release lever to its original position.
- 5) Make sure pin 1 on the CPU is aligned with pin 1 on the ZIF socket (A, Figure 3 19). Pin 1 is located at the notched corner of the CPU (the notched corner can be seen by looking at the CPU from the pin side).
- 6) Also, the CPU is keyed so it cannot be installed incorrectly.
- 7) Set any appropriate jumpers. Refer to "CPU Module Jumper Settings" later in this chapter.
- 8) Install and secure the CPU module to the main logic board.

#### Service Procedures



Figure 3 - 19 Installing a New CPU

## **CPU Module Jumper Settings (Pentium modules)**

Voltage regulator sockets may not be present on some CPU modules, or may appear different on different CPU modules.

Factory default settings are given in *Bold Italics*.

Feature	Description	Setting
CPU external clock	60 MHz (90 MHz internal)	J2, pin 1 and 2 jumpered
	66 MHz (100 MHz internal)	J2, pin 2 and 3 jumpered
CPU core/bus frequency ratio	2/1 speed bus	J4, jumpered
	3/2 speed bus	J4, open
Reserved	Factory use only	J8, jumpered

Below settings apply to 166 Mhz versions CPU boards.

Feature	Description	Setting		
CPU external clock	60 MHz	J2, pin 2 and 3 jumpered		
CPU core/bus frequency ratio	5/2 speed bus	J11, jumpered, J4 jumpered		
CPU pipeline mode	Factory use only	J8, jumpered		

**NOTE** Earlier versions of the CPU Module did not have voltage regulator sockets as shown in B of Figure 3-17.



# Upgrading the CPU (Pentium-Pro modules)

The CPU module has a Socket 8 type ZIF socket capable of supporting Intel Pentium® Pro processors. Contact the Digital sales representative for availability and ordering information for the computer.

To release a higher performance processor:

- 1) Turn off the computer. Disconnect any external devices and unplug the power cord from the wall outlet. Unplug the power cord and monitor cord from the back of the computer.
- 2) Unlock and remove the left side panel.
- 3) Unplug the power connector from J6 on the CPU module and remove the module, placing it on an anti-static surface.
- 4) Lift up on the release lever to release the Pentium® Pro processor chip assembly. Note its pin 1 orientation, located at the notched end of the chip.



DEC00716-2

Figure 3 - 21 Releasing the Pentium® Pro Processor Assembly

**NOTE** This illustration is an example only. The CPU module may have its processor chip in a different orientation, but the procedure for removing it is the same.

To install a higher performance processor:

- 1) Install the new Pentium® Pro processor chip assembly (Figure 3 22). The arrangement of the pins is keyed for correct placement.
- 2) Return the release lever to its original position.
- 3) Set any appropriate switches. Refer to the following section entitled "CPU Module Component Locations."
- 4) Install and secure the CPU module to the main logic board.
- 5) Reconnect the power cable to J6 of the CPU module.
- 6) Replace and lock the left side panel.
- 7) Reconnect the power cord and monitor cord to the back of the computer. Reconnect any external devices and plug the power cord into the wall outlet.



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Figure 3 - 22 Installing a New Pentium® Pro Processor Assembly

### **CPU Module Component Locations (Pentium-Pro)**

Figure 3 - 23 shows the location of the components on the CPU module. E20 is the Pentium® Pro processor. J1--J4, J8--J9 are sockets for SIMMs. J6 is the power connector. J7 is the voltage regulator socket. J19--J22 are voltage regulator jumpers. J5 is a switch (shown in Figure 3 - 24) for setting the clock frequency and the bus speed. The tables that follow Figure 4 list the settings of the switch to set the clock frequency and the bus speed.



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# **Setting Clock Frequency**

Feature	Model	J5 pin 1	Clock Frequency
CPU clock input	6150, 6180	Off	60 MHz
	6200	On	66 MHz

**NOTE** Default depends on the CPU installed at the factory.

# **Setting Bus Speed**

Bus Speed	Clock Ratio	J5 pin 2, 3, 4	CPU Speed	Model
60 MHz	2 x bus speed	On, On, On	120 MHz	
	3 x bus speed	On, Off, On	180 MHz	6180
	4 x bus speed	On, On, Off	240 MHz	
	5 x bus speed	On, Off, Off	300 MHz	
	5/2 x bus speed	Off, On, On	150 MHz	6150
	7/2 x bus speed	Off, Off, On Off,	210 MHz	
	9/2 x bus speed	On, Off	270 MHz	
	11/2 x bus speed	Off, Off, Off	330 MHz	
66 MHz	2 x bus speed	On, On, On	132 MHz	
	3 x bus speed	On, Off, On	198 MHz	6200
	4 x bus speed	On, On, Off	264 MHz	
	5 x bus speed	On, Off, Off	330 MHz	
	5/2 x bus speed	Off, On, On Off,	166 MHz	
	7/2 x bus speed	Off, On	231 MHz	
	9/2 x bus speed	Off, On, Off	297 MHz	
	11/2 x bus speed	Off, Off, Off	363 MHz	

## **Replacing the Voltage Regulator Card (Pentium-Pro)**

To remove the card, press outward on the tab at the end of the card holder and lift out the card (Figure 3 - 25). To replace the card, press the card in its holder until its tabs click to hold it secure.

## **Setting Voltage Regulation**

There are four jumpers on the CPU module that determine the output of the voltage regulator -- J19, J20, J21, J22 -- shown in th table below.

For each pair of pins, install a jumper to set them to either an On or an Off condition according to the following table where:

Off or 1 means install the jumper on the left pin only (pin 1). On or 0 means install the jumper to connect both pins 1 and 0.

Voltage	J19		J20		J21		J22		Model No.
3.3 V	0	On	1	Off	0	On	0	On	
3.1 V*	0	On	0	On	1	Off	0	On	6150
2.9 V	0	On	1	Off	1	Off	0	On	
2.7 V	0	On	0	On	0	On	1	Off	
2.5 V	0	On	1	Off	0	On	1	Off	

Default settings for Model 6150 (P6 rev. B0) with Pentium® Pro processor.



DEC00716-4

Figure 3 - 25 Voltage Regulator Card

# **Installing Mass Storage Devices**

The computer has two drive bay areas. Mass storage devices such as hard disk drives, floppy diskette drives, CD-ROM drives and tape backup systems are installed in these drive bay areas. The two drive bay areas are:

#### • Upper drive bay area

This area has room for three 5¼-inch half-height devices. Each drive bay is equipped with a removable panel to accommodate devices requiring front panel access. The bottom two bays of this area can be used to mount one full-height drive. The drive rails are removable to accommodate a full-height device.

#### • Lower drive bay area

This area has a drive bay assembly that holds a  $3\frac{1}{2}$ -inch diskette drive (standard on all CELEBRIS XL computers) and one hidden  $3\frac{1}{2}$ -inch half-height device that needs no front panel access. This hidden bay is typically used for mounting the primary 1-inch or 1.6-inch hard disk drive.

To install a device in the upper drive bay area perform the following steps:

- 1) Remove the front door (Figure 3 27).
- Turn off the computer. Disconnect any external devices and unplug the power cord from the wall outlet. Unplug the power cord and monitor cord from the back of the computer.
- 3) Unlock and remove both side panels.
- 4) Using a screwdriver from either side, remove the plastic filler panel by pushing it out from inside the computer (Figure 3 26).


### Figure 3 - 27 Removing the Front Door

- 5) Insert the new device into the drive bay from the front (Figure 3 28).
- 6) Connect the data cable to the device. The data cable is usually a ribbon cable. Figure 3- 29 shows a cabling configuration using two IDE drives and one diskette drive. Figure 3 - 30 shows a cabling configuration for two SCSI devices.

## **NOTE** Figures 3 - 29 and 3 -30 show sample configurations. Other configurations are possible.

Also, refer to Appendix A for thermal considerations when using disk drives with high power consumption.

Be sure the cable is connected with the correct orientation. Most cables and sockets are keyed so that they cannot be connected backwards. If the cables or drives are not keyed, pin 1 of the cable has to be connected to pin 1 of the socket.

Pin 1 of the cable is on the edge with the colored stripe. Pin 1 of the socket should be marked number "1" at one end of the socket or with a number "1" printed on the circuit board near one end of the socket.

- 7) Connect a power cable to the device. Use one of the 4-pin connectors from the power supply.
- 8) Secure the device with two screws on each side. Use the screws that came with the device.
- 9) If the device is an internal device that has no front panel, replace the plastic filler panel.
- 10) Replace and lock both side panels.
- 11) Connect the power cord and monitor cord to the back of the computer. Connect any external devices and plug the power cord into the wall outlet.
- 12) If necessary, run the BIOS Setup Utility (Setup) to reconfigure the
- 13) for the new storage drives.

**NOTE** It isn't necessary to run Setup when installing a SCSI drive and if the onboard SCSI controller is already enabled. However, Setup has to be runned if the SCSI controller is disabled or when installing an IDE drive. Refer to *Chapter 2, "Utilities and Configuration"* for instructions on running the BIOS Setup utility.



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## **Connecting Devices**

### **Diskette Drive and IDE Drive Data Cable Connections**

Legend	Component
Α	Power supply
В	Power connections
С	Diskette drive connection
D	IDE Drive connection
E	Diskette drive
F	Hard drive
G	Optional storage devices



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### **SCSI Cable Connections**

Legend	Component
Α	Power supply
В	Power connections
С	Internal SCSI cable
D	SCSI connector
Е	SCSI hard disk drive
F	CD-ROM drive (or other SCSI device)



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Figure 3 - 30 SCSI Cable Connections

## Chapter 4

# Troubleshooting

The following pages provide initial troubleshooting procedures and tables listing specific problems, probable causes, and recommended actions to take if the computer fails after configuring it or after installing optional hardware or software.

Refer to the documentation supplied with additional options when experiencing problems with specific options that have been installed.

## Initial Troubleshooting

Follow the general procedure below to troubleshoot the CELEBRIS XL computer series:

- 1) Press [Ctrl] + [Alt] + [Del]. If the computer fails to boot, turn it off, wait until all hard disk drives are spun down completely and then turn it back on.
- 2) If the POST detects an error refer to *Chapter 4, "Troubleshooting*" and take the appropriate steps to correct the problem. After the problem has been resolved, restart the computer.
- 3) Run the BIOS Setup utility.
- 4) Make sure all necessary changes have been made to the CONFIG.SYS and AUTOEXEC.BAT files.
- 5) Make sure all necessary video, printer, and application device drivers are properly installed.
- 6) Ensure that all cables and connections are secure.
- 7) Run the *QAPLUS/fe* advanced diagnostic software.
- If these steps do not identify and/or correct the problem, perform the specific troubleshooting procedures appropriate to the circumstances.

## **NOTE** If you need to return a failed component, pack it in its original container and return it to Digital for service.

#### Fill in the appropriate fields of the Part Exchange Form with the relevant error information !!

## **Beep Codes**

When POST finds an error and cannot display a message, the computer's speaker emits a series of beeps to indicate the error. During POST, if the video configuration fails or if an external ROM module fails a checksum test, then the computer beeps three times (one long beep, and two short beeps).

The following table lists other fatal errors and their associated beep codes. Each code represents the number of short beeps that are grouped together. Fatal errors (errors that lock up the computer) are generally the result of a failed main logic board or some other add-on component (SIMM, BIOS, computer battery, etc.).

Each code represent	s the number of sh	ort beeps that are	grouped together.
---------------------	--------------------	--------------------	-------------------

Beep Code	Error Message
1-2	Video failure or configuration error
2-2-3	BIOS ROM checksum
3-1-1	Test DRAM refresh
3-1-3	Test keyboard controller
3-4-1	Test 512K base address lines
3-4-3	Test 512K base memory
2-1-2-3	Check ROM copyright notice
2-2-3-1	Test for unexpected interrupts

## POST and Boot Messages

The POST displays messages to alert to errors in hardware, software, and firmware or to provide operating information about the computer.

Each time the POST displays a message on screen, the computer's speaker beeps twice. If an error occurs before the monitor is initialized, specific beep codes sound to alert to a problem.

### **POST and Boot Error Messages**

The following error messages are arranged in alphabetical order.

**NOTE** *Italics* indicate variable parts of a message such as memory addresses hexadecimal values and so on. These messages can differ at each occurrence.

## POST and Boot Error Messages (continued)

Message	Problem	Solution
Diskette drive A error Diskette drive B error	Diskette drive has failed.	Run the BIOS Setup utility. Check all connections. If the problem persists, replace the defective diskette drive and/or drive cable.
Extended RAM Failed at offset: <i>nnnn</i>	Extended memory failed or configured incorrectly.	Make sure SIMMs are installed correctly If the problem persists, replace defective SIMMs.
Failing Bits: nnnn	<i>nnnn</i> is a map of the bits at the RAM address which failed the memory test.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and restore all to original values. If the problem persists, replace the defective memory.
Fixed Disk 0 Failure Fixed Disk 1 Failure Fixed Disk Controller failure	Hard disk drive and/or controller failed.	Run the BIOS Setup utility. Check all connections. If the problem persists, replace the defective hard disk drive and/or controller.
Incorrect Drive A type - run SETUP Incorrect Drive B type - run SETUP	Diskette drive A and/or B not correctly identified in the BIOS Setup utility.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and properly identify diskette drive A and/or B.
Invalid NVRAM media type	NVRAM access failed.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and restore all settings to original values. If the problem persists, replace the defective component.
Keyboard controller error Keyboard error Keyboard locked - Unlock key switch	Keyboard and/or keyboard controller failed.	Check the keyboard connection. If the connection is secure, the keyboard or keyboard controller might have failed. If the problem persists, replace the defective keyboard and/or controller.
Monitor type does not match CMOS - Run SETUP	Monitor type has been incorrectly specified.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and set the correct monitor type.
Operating system not found	The operating system cannot be found on drive A or drive C.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and correctly identify drive A or drive C. Correctly install the operating system. Refer to the supplied operating system documentation.
Parity check 1 <i>nnnn</i> Parity check 2 <i>nnnn</i>	Parity error found in the computer bus. The BIOS attempts to locate the address and displays it on the monitor screen.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and restore all settings to original values. If the problem persists, replace the main logic board.

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Press <f1> to resume, <f2> to Setup</f2></f1>	This message appears after any recoverable error message.	Press <f1> to reboot or <f2> to enter the BIOS Setup utility to make any necessary changes.</f2></f1>
Real time clock error	Real-time clock failed BIOS test.	Replace real-time clock and then run the BIOS Setup utility to restore previous configuration information.

### POST and Boot Error Messages (continued)

Message	Problem	Solution
Shadow RAM Failed at offset: <i>nnnn</i>	Shadow RAM failed.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and disable failed shadow memory region.
System battery is dead - Replace and run SETUP	Battery/real-time clock failed.	Replace the battery and then run the BIOS Setup utility to restore previous configuration information.
System cache error - Cache disabled	RAM cache failed.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and restore all settings to original values. If the problem persists, replace the defective cache memory.
System CMOS checksum bad - run SETUP	Battery/real-time clock failed.	Correct the address conflict using the BIOS Setup utility. If the problem persists, replace the battery/real-time clock.
System RAM failed at offset: nnnn	System RAM failed.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and restore all settings to original values. If the problem persists, replace the defective memory.
System timer error	The timer test failed.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and restore all settings to original values. If the problem persists, replace the defective component.

## **POST and Boot Informational Messages**

Message	Description
nnnn Cache SRAM Passed	Where <i>nnnn</i> is the amount of computer cache (in kilobytes) that tested successfully.
Entering SETUP	BIOS Setup utility runs.
Extended RAM Passed	Where <i>nnnn</i> is the amount of extended memory (in kilobytes) that tested successfully.
nnnn Shadow RAM passed	Where <i>nnnn</i> is the amount of shadow RAM (in kilobytes) that tested successfully.
System BIOS shadowed	This indicates that the BIOS has been successfully copied to shadow RAM.
nnnn System RAM passed	Where <i>nnnn</i> is the amount of system RAM (in kilobytes) that tested successfully.
UMB upper limit segment address: nnnn	Displays the address of the upper limit of UMB. This indicates the released segments of the BIOS that can be reclaimed by a virtual memory manager.

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Video BIOS shadowed	This indicates that the video BIOS has been successfully copied to
	shadow RAM.

## Computer Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Action
No response	Main logic board failure.	Replace main logic board.
when the		
computer is	Main logic board jumpers	Set all appropriate jumpers (Refer to "Main logic
turned on	incorrectly set.	Board Jumpers").
	CPU has failed.	Replace CPU.
Power is on, but	Brightness and contrast controls	Adjust the brightness and contrast controls.
there is no	are not correctly set.	
screen display		
	The monitor-off timer has shut	Press [Shift] to reactivate monitor.
	the	
	monitor off.	
	Manitan ashla is in sama star	Check all monitor connections.
	installed	
	instaned.	Install the correct VGA drivers
	Incorrect VGA drivers installed	instan the confect VOA unvers.
	incontect vor unvers instance.	Replace the video controller
	Video controller has failed.	Replace the video controller.
Computer	Expansion board installed	Remove expansion board and reinstall.
operates	incorrectly.	
incorrectly after		
installing	Did not run ICU to configure	Run the ICU to properly configure expansion
optional	expansion board before	board and then reboot the computer. Refer to the
expansion	installation.	supplied ICU documentation.
board		
	Expansion board has failed.	Remove expansion board and reboot. If computer
		boots without errors, replace expansion board.
Computer	SIMMs installed incorrectly.	Remove SIMMs and reinstall.
operates		
incorrectly after	Did not rerun BIOS Setup utility.	Rerun BIOS Setup utility.
installing	PIOS Seture attilities also and	Denne DIOS Seture estiliter and serve aban and
optional SIMMs	BIOS Setup utility changes not	Rerun BIOS Setup utility and save changes.
	saveu belore exiting.	
	SIMMs have failed	Remove SIMMs and reinstall
	Shoring have funed.	Make sure bank 0 is filled with the correct SIMM
		size, speed, and type.
		Replace SIMMs.

Computer	External cache module installed	Remove external cache module and reinstall.
operates	incorrectly.	
incorrectly after		
installing	External cache module has	Replace external cache module.
optional	failed.	
external cache		
module		

<b>Computer Trou</b>	bleshooting	(continued)
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Problem	Possible Cause	Action
Computer fails to retain setup information	Computer battery has failed.	Replace computer battery.
Computer does not boot from an IDE hard disk drive	Operating system software is not installed on the IDE hard disk drive.	Install the appropriate operating system.
uisk ui ive	IDE hard disk drive is not correctly formatted or the requested partition does not exist.	Format the IDE hard disk drive or partition the IDE hard disk drive using the supplied operating system software.
	There is no software on the requested partition.	Install software on the requested partition.
	IDE hard disk drive jumpers incorrectly set.	Refer to the supplied IDE hard disk drive kit installation instructions.
IDE drive type incorrect.	IDE drive type incorrect.	Run the BIOS Setup utility to identify the correct drive type.
	Loose cables.	Secure all cable connections.
	Onboard IDE interface disabled. IDE hard disk is connected to the wrong IDE connector.	controller option to "Enabled".
		Connect the boot disk to the inner IDE connector on the main logic board.
Run appropriate software to de viruses (F-PROT). virus.	Run appropriate software to detect and remove viruses (F-PROT).	
	Hard disk boot sector is missing.	For DOS, boot from a DOS diskette then enter the following commands: c:
		cd\dos fdisk/mbr
No response to mouse	Mouse is password protected.	Enter the keyboard and mouse password.
commands	Mouse is connected to the keyboard port.	Power down the computer and connect the mouse to the mouse port.
	Mouse driver not installed.	Install the appropriate mouse driver.

Thoubleshooting		D ig ita lC ELEBR IS XL & XL <sup>PP</sup> PC
No response to keyboard	Keyboard is password protected.	Enter the keyboard password.
commands	Keyboard is connected to the	Power down the computer and connect the keyboard to the keyboard port
	mouse port.	keyboard to the keyboard port.

Problem	Possible Cause	Action
Computer does not recognize an internal or	SCSI device jumpers incorrectly set.	Refer to the supplied SCSI device kit installation instructions.
external SCSI	SCSI cable not terminated.	Terminate each end of the SCSI bus.
utvict	SCSI device not plugged in.	Check power and SCSI cables.
	Terminating resistors not removed from the SCSI device.	Remove terminating resistors.
	SCSI adapter failure.	Replace SCSI adapter.
	SCSI ID conflicts.	Set SCSI IDs correct.
Computer does not boot from an internal	Operating system software is not installed on the SCSI hard disk drive	Install the appropriate operating system on the SCSI hard disk drive.
SCSI hard disk		
drive	Requested partition does not exist.	Partition the SCSI hard disk drive and then reload the operating software.
	Computer not configured for SCSI hard disk drive operation.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and set the IDE controller option to "Disabled". This disables the IDE interface.
		<b>Note:</b> When both IDE and SCSI hard disk drives have been installed, the computer uses the IDE hard disk drive as the boot device.
Computer does	Drive ID incorrectly set.	Make sure the drive ID is correctly set.
not boot from a target diskette drive	Diskette drive not enabled.	Run the BIOS Setup utility to enable the diskette drive.
	Diskette boot option disabled.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and set and set the proper boot sequence.
	Onboard diskette controller disabled.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and set the diskette controller option to "Enabled".
	Diskette does not contain start- up files	Insert a diskette with the correct start-up files.

## Computer Troubleshooting (continued)

## Disk Drive Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Action
IDE/SCSI hard disk drive cannot read or	Incorrect disk drive jumper settings.	Refer to the supplied kit installation instructions.
write information	Loose or incorrectly installed cables.	Make sure all cables are correctly installed.
	IDE drive type incorrect.	Run the BIOS Setup utility to identify the correct drive type.
	Onboard IDE interface disabled.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and set the IDE controller option to "Enabled".
	IDE/SCSI hard disk drive is not correctly formatted or partitioned.	Format and partition as required using the supplied operating system.
Target diskette drive cannot read or write	Onboard diskette controller disabled.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and set the diskette controller to "Enabled".
information	Diskette write protection is enabled.	Run the BIOS Setup utility and set the diskette write protection to "Disabled".

## Monitor Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Action
Monitor power indicator is not	Monitor is turned off.	Turn on the monitor.
on	No power at wall outlet.	Use another outlet.
	Power indicator is defective.	Replace the failed component.
No screen display	Configuration error.	Run the BIOS SETUP UTILITY to configure the computer for VGA operation. Set the jumper for VGA operation. Refer to <i>"Main Logic Board Jumpers"</i> .
	Monitor brightness and contrast controls are incorrectly set.	Adjust the monitor brightness and contrast controls.
No monitor display while loading Windows video drivers	Monitor type incorrectly set.	Set the correct monitor type. Refer to appropriate video driver documentation.

Problem	Possible Cause	Action
Distorted-	Monitor incorrectly adjusted.	Adjust accordingly.
rolling-or		
flickering	Monitor signal cable incorrectly	Straighten any bent connector pins and then
screen display-	installed.	reconnect.
or		
wrong/uneven		
color		
Color monitor	Computer was turned on before	Turn off the computer, then turn the computer
displaying	the monitor was turned on.	back on.
monochrome		
	Video jumper incorrectly set.	Set the jumper for VGA operation.
Monitor fails to	Appropriate high-resolution	Correctly install all appropriate high-resolution
switch to high-	video drivers are not installed or	video drivers. Refer to the documentation supplied
resolution mode	incorrectly installed.	with the monitor and/or video drivers.
Monitor display	Monitor type incorrectly set.	Set the correct monitor type.
not centered		Refer to appropriate video driver documentation.
while loading		
Windows video		
drivers		

## Monitor Troubleshooting (continued)

### **CD-ROM Troubleshooting**

Problem	Possible Cause	Action
Cannot access the CD-ROM	No disc in the CD-ROM drive. Tray open.	Insert a disc.
drive. Error message reading drive x.		Close the tray.
Power is on but indicator shows no activity.	No disc or tray is open. Check cable connections.	Insert a disc and close the tray. Make sure cables are correctly connected.
Disc is spinning but drive is idle.	Application software not running.	Run application software.

## QAPlus/FE Error Messages

Component	Messages	Solution	
CPU	Arithmetic Function Failed.	Reset CPU.	
	General Functions Failed.	Replace CPU.	
	Exception Interrupt in Protected		
	Mode.		
	Refresh Failure.		
	Logic Functions Failed.		
Hard disk	Butterfly Cylinder Access Test	Low-level format hard disk.	
	Failed.	Replace disk.	
	Cylinder 0 Errors.		
	Random Cylinder Access Failed.		
	Linear Cylinder Access Failed.		
Hard drive	Controller Diagnostic Test	Run Setup, Check connections,	
/controller	Failed.	Reset controller, Replace controller,	
	Questionable Controller Card.	Replace disk.	
	Hard drives failed.		
Floppy diskette	Media Mismatch.	Use known good diskette.	
	Drive Not Ready.	Check size and density of diskette.	
		Close drive door.	
	Write Protected Media.	Remove write protection.	
	Unformatted Media.	Format diskette.	
Floppy drive	Floppy Drives Failed.	Check connections, Replace drive.	
Battery/clock	Clock Stopped.	Run Setup.	
	Invalid Date.	Replace battery/clock.	
	RTC Interrupt Failed.		
CMOS	CMOS Clock Test Failed.	Change time from Setup menu in QAPLUS.	
Serial port	COM port failed.	Check COM device.	
	Serial Chip Error.	Check connections.	
	Serial Compare Error.	Replace COM device.	
	Serial Timeout Error.	Replace COM device.	
Video adapter	Video Failed.	Replace video adapter.	
	Error in Video Buffer.	Replace video adapter.	

## Chapter 5

# **Device Mapping**

This section provides a series of tables listing mapping and address information related to computer memory and various main logic board devices (keyboard controller, interrupt controller, DMA controller, etc.).

The memory and address locations are allocated at the factory to operate within a standard PC environment. However, due to the number of optional devices and/or expansion boards that are available, sometimes memory and address locations need to be changed. For example, some network expansion boards require a specific memory location. If that location is already allocated, a memory conflict results and the expansion board will not operate as expected. Note that some memory, I/O and interrupt locations can be changed using the BIOS Setup utility.



#### CAUTION

Before changing any memory or address location, refer to the documentation supplied with the optional device, expansion board, or software application and make sure adequate information is available.

### CPU Memory Address Map (Full Range)

Range	Function	Notes
0KB to 512KB	Main memory	PC compatibility range
512KB to 1024KB	Main memory	PC compatibility range (EISA/ISA memory lower limit)
1MB to 16MB	Main memory Memory space gap	EISA/ISA memory upper limit PCI memory hole (4MB max. size)
16MB to 128MB <sup>(1)</sup>	Main memory	
128MB to 4 GB	PCI memory	

<sup>(1)</sup> For P54C CPUs, it can expand up to 384MB.

Range	Function	Notes
0KB to 512KB	Main memory	PC compatibility range
512KB to 1024KB	Main memory	PC compatibility range (EISA/ISA memory lower limit)
1MB to 16MB	Main memory Memory space gap	ISA memory upper limit
16MB to 512MB <sup>(1)</sup>	Main memory	Computer memory upper limit
512MB to 4 GB <sup>(1)</sup>	PCI memory	

### Memory Address Map (Full Range, 6150 and higher CPUs)

(1) When using interleaved mode, 512MB is the maximum for the Celebris XL Server with Pentium<sup>®</sup> Pro processor; when using noninterleaved mode, 256MB is the maximum.

### CPU Memory Address Map (PC Compatibility Range)

Address Range	Function	Size
0000 to 7FFFF	Main memory	512KB
80000 to 9FFFF	Main/PCI/ISA memory	128KB
A0000 to BFFFF	PCI/ISA video buffer memory	128KB
C0000 to C7FFF	Video memory BIOS	32KB
C8000 to DFFFF	PCI/ISA card BIOS and buffer memory	96KB
E0000 to EBFFF	Used by BIOS Setup during POST only	48KB
EC000 to EFFFF	SCSI BIOS (if enabled)	16KB
F0000 to FFFFF	System BIOS memory	64KB

### CPU I/O Address Map

Range (hexadecimal)	Function
0000 to 0CF7	PCI I/O space
0CF8	Configuration space enable register
0CF9	Turbo and reset control register
OCFA to BFFF	PCI I/O space
C000 to CFFF	PCI configuration space
D000 to FFFF	PCI I/O space

### I/O Address Map

Range (hexadecimal)	Function
060 to 064	Keyboard/mouse controller
0F0 to 0FF	Math co-processor
1F0 to 1F7	IDE controller (if enabled)
278 to 27F	LPT2 (if enabled)
2F8 to 2FF	COM2 (if enabled)
378 to 37F	LPT1 (if enabled)
3BC to 3BE	LPT3 (if enabled)
3F0 to 3F7	Diskette controller (if enabled)
3F8 to 3FF	COM1 (if enabled)

### **Computer Interrupt Levels**

Interrupt Number	Interrupt Source
IRQ1	Keyboard controller
IRQ3	COM2 (if enabled)
IRQ4	COM1 (if enabled)
IRQ6	Diskette drive (if enabled)
IRQ7	LPT1, LPT2, LPT3 (if enabled)
IRQ9	Onboard SCSI (if enabled)
IRQ12	Mouse interrupt
IRQ13	Math co-processor
IRQ14	Hard disk drive (if enabled)

### **DMA Channel Assignment**

Channel	Controller	Function
0	1	Refresh
1	1	Not used
2	1	Diskette controller (if enabled)
3	1	ECP mode (if enabled)
4	2	Cascade DMA
5	2	Not used
6	2	Not used
7	2	Not used

## PCI Configure Space Address Map

Range (hex)	Function
C0xx	CPU bridge
C1xx	Onboard PCI SCSI (if applicable)
C2xx	EISA/ISA bridge
C6xx	PCI slot 1
C7xx	PCI slot 2
C8xx	PCI slot 3

## Chapter 6

# Pass / Fail Criteria

As Final Acceptance Test the following tests should be run to meet the Pass/Fail criteria:

#### 1) Successful completion of the POST tests.

- 2) Successful completion of the following QAPLUS/fe module tests (one pass):
- ♦ System Board (all tests)
- ♦ Memory (all tests)
- ♦ Video (all tests)
- Hard Disk (all tests, except: Sequential write/read (destructive test !!) and
  - Sequential write/random read (destructive test !!))
- ♦ Floppy Disk (all tests)
- ♦ Keyboard (all tests)
- ♦ COM Ports (all tests)
- ♦ LPT Ports (all tests)
- Pointer Device (all tests)
- SCSI tests (all tests)
- 3) Successful bootstrap of the on the computer installed Operating System.

**Operating Systems Supported:** 

- ♦ MS-DOS version 6.22
- ♦ Windows for Workgroups v3.11
- ♦ Windows 95
- Windows NT Workstation 3.51
- ♦ Windows NT Server 3.51
- ♦ OS/2
- ♦ SCO UNIX System V Release 3.2.4.2

Remove any software that was put on the hard drive to enable repair of the system before shipping. When completed carefully clean the outside of the unit with cleaning solution.

# Appendix A

# **Service Notes**

This appendix contains the current Service Notes for the CELEBRIS XL product line.

## Appendix B

# **Useful Information**

## **Related Documentation**

Document Titles	Order Numbers
CELEBRIS XL Quick reference Guide	EK-A0834-RG
CELEBRIS XL Quick Setup Guide	ER-870WW-IA
CELEBRIS XL User's Guide	ER-870WW-UA / ER-A03WW-
	UA
PENTIUM CPU Modules	ER-780WW-CA
NCR SCSI Device Management System User's Guide	ER-870WW-AA
ISA Configuration Utility (ICU) User's Guide	ER-PNPAL-UA
Service Maintenance Manual Spares Catalogue	EK-A0815-SV

## **On-Line Bulletin Boards**

The most current product information and technical support is also available on line. The most current device drivers, Setup diskettes and technical tips can be found on all of these bulletin boards.

DECpc Bulletin Board Server

DECpc BBS provides an easy-to-use, menu-driven bulletin board providing on-line access to the latest PC product information, device drivers, shareware and freeware. For access to the DECpc BBS, dial: xx33 9260312

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