# HOT-595

Pentium<sup>™</sup> processor Based AGP MAIN BOARD

User's Manual

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This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. If not installed and used properly, in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures :

Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for help and for additional suggestions.

The user may find the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission helpful "How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems." This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office. Washington, DC 20402, Stock 004-000-00345-4

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The user is cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the users authority to operate this equipment.

Note : In order for an installation of this product to maintain compliance with the limits for a Class B device, shielded cables and power cord must be used.

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- Emissions in accordance with EN 55022: 1987 Class B.

#### NOTICE

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Manual Ver 1.0

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# P

# PREFACE

HOT-595 mainboard is a highly integrated IBM PC/AT compatible ATX form-factor system board designed to meet the industry's most demanding desktop applications. Based on the VIA's VP3 chipset.

HOT-595 accept AMD K5, K6, Intel Pentium P54C, Pentium MMX, IDT-C6 and Cyrix/ IBM 6x86, 6x86L, 6x86MX processors and also features high-performance pipelined burst secondary cache memory support with size of 1024KB or 512KB. The memory subsystem is designed to support up to 384 MB of EDO RAM and SDRAM in three 168-pin 3.3 V DIMM sockets.

HOT-595 is equipped with an Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) slot, a high performance interconnect for graphic-intensive application, such as 3D applications. The AGP is independent of the PCI bus and is designed to exclusively use with graphical-display devices.

HOT-595 provides a new level of I/O integration. VIA VP3 chipset provides increased integration and improved performance over other chipset designs.

The VIA's VP3 chipset provides an integrated Bus Mastering IDE controller with two high performance Ultra 33 DMA IDE interfaces for up to four IDE devices.

The onboard I/O controller provides the standard PC I/O functions: floppy interface, two FIFO serial ports, an IrDA device port and a SPP/EPP/ECP capable parallel port.

Up to four PCI local bus slots provide a high bandwidth data path for data-movement intensive functions such as graphics, and up to three ISA slots complete the I/O function.

HOT-595 provides the foundation for cost effective, high performance, highly expandable platforms, which deliver the latest in Pentium processor and I/O standard.

HOT-595 Mainboard is carefully designed for the demanding PC user who wants high performance and many intelligent features in a compact package:



#### Chipset

Features VIA's 82C597 VP3 AGP Chipset with I/O subsystems

#### **Main Processor**

AMD K6 166~266 MHz, K5 PR75~PR166, Intel Pentium (P54C) 75~200 MHz, Pentium MMX (P55C) 166~233 MHz, Cyrix/IBM 6x86 P120+~P200+, 6x86L P200+, 6x86MX PR166~PR233, IDT-C6 150~200MHz

#### Secondary Cache

Onboard 1024KB or 512KB Pipelined Burst Cache

#### **Versatile Memory Supports**

Equipped with three DIMM sockets for (8, 16, 32, 64 or 128MB) 168-pin SDRAM memory modules up to 384 MB

#### **Expansion Slots**

One AGP slot Four PCI slot Three ISA slot

#### AGP Support (Accelerated Graphics Port)

HOT-595 main board equipped with an AGP slot for an AGP VGA card that supports 133MHz 2X mode for texture mapping z-buffering and alpha blending. AGP allows 3D applications to run faster and smoothly.

#### **Onboard I/O Chip**

One Floppy port One PS/2 mouse and Keyboard connector Two high-speed UART compatible serial port Serial Port 2 can also be directed from COM2 to the Infrared Module for wireless connections One parallel port with ECP and EPP capabilities

#### **Onboard PCI Bus Master IDE Controller**

Two Ultra DMA/33 Bus Master IDE Ports supports four IDE devices up to 33 MB/sec IDE transfers and supports Enhanced PIO Modes 3 and 4 and Bus Master IDE DMA Mode 2 devices

#### **Onboard 20-pin ATX Power Supply**

ATX power supports soft-on/off function

#### System BIOS

Licensed BIOS with additional feature:

- \* Flash EEPROM (128KB) for BIOS update
- \* ISA Plug & Play extension
- \* Power management
- \* Support DMI (Desktop Management Interface) function

#### ACPI:

Support ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) function. ACPI provide more Energy Saving Features for the future operating system supporting OS Direct Power Management (OSPM) functionality.

#### **Board Size:**

ATX form factor size 305mm x 210mm.

# **ACCESSORIES OF HOT-595**

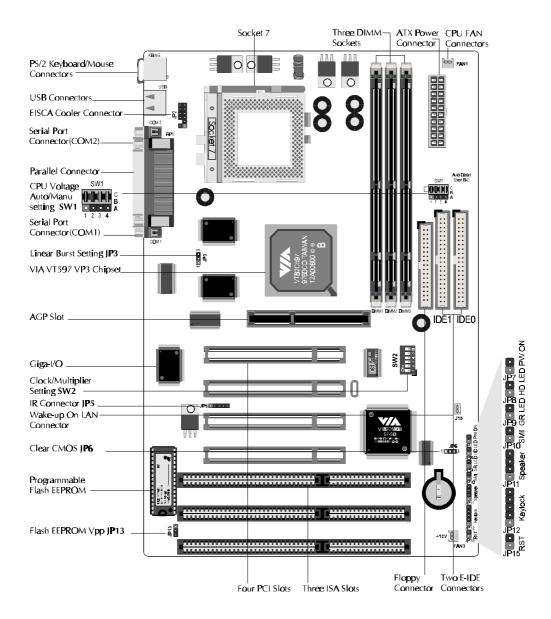


Figure 1 : Accessories of HOT-595

Hardware Configuration

This chapter is designed for explaining how to configure the HOT-595's hardware. After you install the main board, you can set jumpers, install memory on the main board, and make case connectors. Refer to this chapter whenever you upgrades or reconfigure your system.

# **Jumper Setting**

This section describe the necessary procedures and proper jumper settings to configure the HOT-595 main board.

Jumper pin headers and DIP Switch show on right side are used to configure system clock, CPU multiplier and CPU voltages.

#### System Clock -Switch 1~Switch 3 of DIP Switch SW2

DIP Switch SW2 finger 1~3 is used to adjust System Clock from 50MHz to 83 MHz.

#### CPU Multiplier -Switch 4~Switch 6 of DIP Switch SW2

DIP Switch SW2 finger 4~6 is used to adjust CPU core multiplier from 1.5X to 5.5X.

#### Auto Detect CPU Voltages Auto/ Manual Jumper- SW1

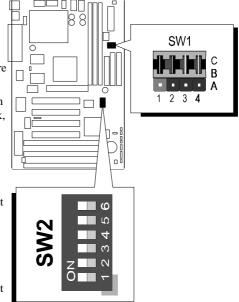
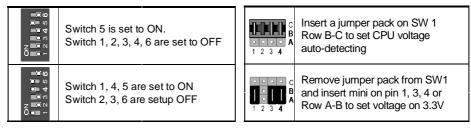


Figure 2-1 : SW1 & SW2 location

HOT-595 automatically detects and adjusts the voltage to the proper voltage. Jumper block SW1 is used to set Automatically or Manually adjust onboard voltages output from Switching type regulators to CPU by inserting or removing mini jumper from pin headers. (please also refer to page 13)

Those hardware settings are made through the use of DIP Switch and jumper caps to connect jumper pins on the main board.

The following examples show the conventions used in this chapter.



# **CPU Clock Configuration - DIP Switch SW2**

DIP Switch SW2 and Jumper Block SW1 are the only Switch/Jumper that you need to set for your CPU on HOT-595. Make sure that you know the type of CPU that you are installing and refer to the proper settings which are listed below. Normally, CPU voltage is auto-detected on HOT-595 and is set to Auto-detected when HOT-595 is delivered. If you have a higher frequency CPU or you want to set CPU frequency and voltage manually, please refer to next two sections.

Pentium (P54C) S	Table 2-1			
Processor	Speed		ency Settings Switch SW2	Jumper Block SW1 Vcore/Vio Auto-detect
	200 MHz		External : 66MHz Multiplier : 3x	
	166 MHz		External : 66MHz Multiplier : 2.5x	
	150 MHz		External : 60MHz Multiplier : 2.5x	
Intel Pentium	133 MHz	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	External : 66MHz Multiplier : 2x	SW1
(P54C)	120 MHz	0 1 2 3 4 5 0 1 2 3 4 5 0	External : 60MHz Multiplier : 2x	1 2 3 4 3.3V/3.3V
	100 MHz		External : 66MHz Multiplier : 1.5x	
	90 MHz		External : 60MHz Multiplier : 1.5x	
	75 MHz		External : 50MHz Multiplier : 1.5x	

# Intel Pentium (P54C) Series CPUs Settings

Intel Pentium MMX	(P55C)	Series CPUs Settings

Table 2-2

Processor	Speed	Frequency Settings DIP Switch SW2	Jumper Block SW1 Vcore/Vio Auto-detect
	233 MHz	External : 66MHz Multiplier : 3.5x	SW1
Intel Pentium P55C MMX	200 MHz	External : 66MHz CONTROL STREET	
	166 MHz	External : 66MHz	2.8 V/3.3V

# AMD-K6 Series CPUs Settings

Table 2-3

Processor	Speed	Frequency Settings DIP Switch SW2	Jumper Block SW1 Vcore/Vio Auto-detect
	266 MHz	External : 66MHz	SW1
AMD-K6	233 MHz	External : 66MHz External : 66MHz Multiplier : 3.5x	1 2 2 A
	233 MHz	External : 66MHz	3.2V/3.3V
	200 MHz	External : 66MHz Content of the second secon	
	166 MHz	External : 66MHz	1 2 3 4 2.9V/3.3V

Note : The voltage of AMD-K6 233MHz may vary from market and CPU core. Please ask your CPU provider for detail.

AMD	-K6 Series CPUs	Table 2-4		
	Processor	Speed	Frequency Settings DIP Switch SW2	Jumper Block SW1 Vcore/Vio Auto-detect
		166 MHz	External : 66MHz C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
		133 MHz	External : 66MHz C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
	AMD-K5	120 MHz	External : 60MHz CON CON CON CON CON CON CON CON	SW1
		100 MHz	External : 66MHz Content of the second seco	1 2 3 4 3.52V/3.52V
		90 MHz	External : 60MHz COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM	
		75 MHz	External : 50MHz External : 50MHz Multiplier : 1.5x	

# IDT-C6 Series CPUs Settings

Processor	Speed	Frequency Settings DIP Switch SW2	Jumper Block SW1 Vcore/Vio Auto-detect
	200 MHz	External : 66MHz CONT	SW1
IDT-C6	180 MHz	External : 60MHz External : 60MHz Z R N ODE C	
	150 MHz	External : 60MHz C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	3.52V/3.52V

Table 2-5

x/IBM 6x86/6x86L/	Table 2-6		
Processor	Speed	Frequency Settings DIP Switch SW2	Jumper Block SW1 Vcore/Vio Auto-detect
Cyrix/IBM	P166+	External : 66MHz	
6x86L	P150+	External : 60MHz	2.8V/3.3V
	P166+	External : 66MHz Multiplier : 2x	
Cyrix/IBM 6x86	P150+	External : 60MHz	SW1 C B A 1 2 3 4
	P120+	External : 50MHz	2 52\//2 52\/
	PR266	External : 66MHz Multiplier : 3.5x	
Cyrix/IBM	PR233	External : 66MHz	SW1
6x86MX	PR200	External : 66MHz Multiplier : 2.5x	2.9V/3.3V
	PR166	External : 60MHz Multiplier : 2.5x	

# System Clock and CPU Multiplier Setting Manually - SW2

For whom like to set up system manually, listed tables show all the System Clock and CPU Multiplier that HOT-595 can offer.

Table 2-7 shows the System Clock from  $50\,\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $83\,\mathrm{MHz}.$ 

Table 2-8 shows CPU Multiplier from  $1.5 X \mbox{ to } 5.5 X.$ 

Note: On HOT-595 75 and 83 MHz is for over-clock usage, it is not a recommended general practice.

-					Table 2-7
System Clock	50MHz	60MHz	66MHz	75MHz	83MHz
PCI Clock	25MHz	30MHz	33MHz	37.5MHz	41.5MHz
DIP Switch SW2 1-2-3		ON 0123456			ON 1 2 3 4 5 0

Table 2-8

Multiplier	SW2 4-5-6	Multiplier	SW2 4-5-6	Multiplier	SW2 4-5-6
1.5 x		3 x		4.5 x	
2 x		3.5 x		5 x	
2.5 x		4 x		5.5 x	

# **CPU Voltage Setting Manually - SW1**

HOT-595 automatically detects and adjusts the voltage to the proper voltage. Jumper block SW1 is used to set Automatically or Manually adjust onboard voltages output from Switching type regulators to CPU by inserting or removing mini jumper from pin headers.

The voltage settings are made through the use of jumper caps to connect jumper pins on the pin  $1{\sim}4$  of Jumper block SW1.

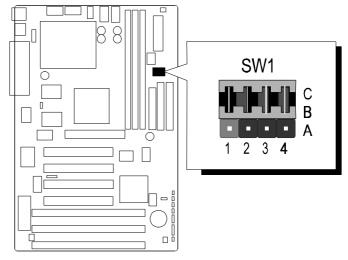


Figure 2-2 : SW1 Jumper Block location

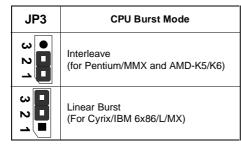
Т	'al	bl	e	2	-9	

Voltage	SW1	Voltage	SW1	Voltage	SW1
Auto	SW1	3.1 V	C B A 1 2 3 4	2.5 V	C B 1 2 3 4
-setting	<b>H</b> 1 2 3 <b>4</b>	3.0 V	C B A 1 2 3 4	2.4 V	<b>B</b> <b>B</b> <b>A</b> <b>A</b>
3.52 V	<b>C</b> <b>B</b> <b>B</b> <b>A</b> <b>A</b> <b>A</b>	2.9 V	<b>D D D D D D D D D D</b>	2.3 V	<b>B</b> <b>A</b> <b>A</b>
3.4 V	C B A 1 2 3 4	2.8 V	<b>B</b> <b>B</b> <b>C</b> <b>B</b> <b>A</b> <b>C</b> <b>B</b> <b>A</b> <b>A</b>	2.2 V	<b>B</b> <b>B</b> <b>A</b> <b>A</b>
3.3 V	C B B A A A	2.7 V	<b>B</b> <b>A</b> <b>A</b>	2.1 V	C B A 1 2 3 4
3.2 V	C C B A A 1 2 3 4	2.6 V	C B A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	2.0 V	C B A 1 2 3 4
					10

13

# **CPU Burst Mode Jumper - JP3**

Due to different designs, there are two kings of CPU burst modes: Interleave Burst and Linear Burst. Select the correct mode according to the CPU you are using.



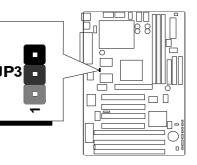


Figure 2-3: JP3 location

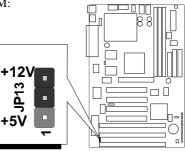
When using Cyrix/IBM series of CPUs, follow the listed procedures after select the burst mode:

- 1. Presee <DEL> key to enter the BIOS setup menu during the system boot-up,
- 2. Select "Chipset Feature Setup",
- 3. Set the "Linear Burst" to "Enabled",
- 4. Press <Esc> to go back the maim menu and choose "Save & Exit Setup" to reboot you system.

# Flash EEPROM Vpp - JP13

HOT-595 mainboard supports two types of Flash EEPROM: 5 volt and 12 volt. By setting up jumper JP13, the main board can use both 5V or 12V flash EEPROM with new system BIOS files as they come available.

JP13 Pin 2-3 Close for 12V Flash EEPROM JP13 Pin 1-2 Close for 5V Flash EEPROM

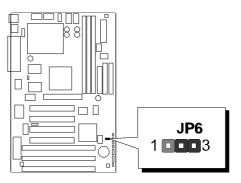


# **CMOS Clear - JP6**

 $HOT\text{-}595\ mainboard\ supports\ jumper\ JP6\ for\ discharging\ mainboard\ s\ CMOS\ memory.$ 

This jumper can clear the CMOS data stored in the subsystem chip. To clear the CMOS data please follow listed steps:

- 1) Turn off the PC,
- 2) Remove the jumper cap from JP6 pin 1-2,
- 3) Insert the jumper cap to JP6 pin 2-3 for a brief while,
- 4) Remove the jumper cap from JP6 pin 2-3,
- 5) Reinsert the jumper cap to JP6 pin 1-2,
- 6) Turn on the PC.



# Connectors

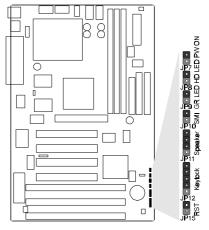
# **Front Panel Connectors**

### Hardware Reset Connector - JP15

Attach 2-pin hardware reset switch to it. Closing the reset switch restarts the system.

#### KeyLock Connector - JP12

KeyLock & Power LED connector is a 5-pin connector for a lock that may be installed on the system case for enabling or disabling the keyboard. It also attached to the case's Power LED. Pin 1 and 3 are for power LED and pin 4 and 5 are for keylock, pin 2 is empty.



#### **Speaker Connector - JP11**

PC speaker connector may attach a 4-pin PC speaker cable from the case to this connector.

### **SMI** Connector - JP10

Hardware System Management Interface connector may attach a 2-pin momentary switch to it. When push it will force system get into power saving mode, and the system will resume when switch is pushed again.

#### **GLED Connector - JP9**

Attach a 2-pin Green LED cable to it. The Green LED lights when the system get into power saving mode. The Green LED off when the system resume back to normal mode.

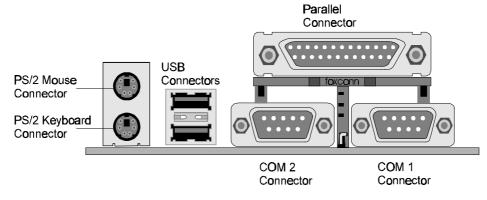
#### **HD LED Connector - JP8**

Attach a 2-pin IDE drive LED cable to this connector. The LED lights when an IDE device is active.

### ATX Power On/Off Switch Connector - JP7

Attach a 2-pin momentary type switch to this connector for turning on or off your ATX power supply.

# **Back Panel Connectors**



# COM1/COM2 Connectors

Attach COM1/COM2 device cables to these connectors.

# PS/2 Keyboard & PS/2 Mouse Connector

Two 6-pin female PS/2 keyboard & Mouse Connectors is located at the rear of the main board. PS/2 Mouse on top of connector and PS/2 Keyboard on the bottom of connector. Plug the PS/2 keyboard and mouse jack into this connector.

# **Parallel Port Connector**

A 25-pin female connector is located at the rear of the main board. Plug the parallel port device cable into this connector.

# **USB1/USB2** Port Connectors

Two female connector is located at the rear of the board. Plug the USB devices jack into this connector.

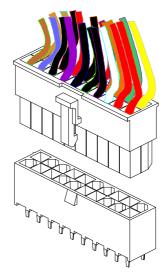
# **Other Connectors**

# **ATX Power Supply Connectors**

It is a twenty-pin male header connector. Plug the connector from the power directly onto the board connector while making sure the pin 1 is in its position. The main board requires a power supply with at least 200 watts and "power good signal.

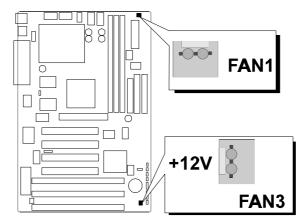
# **IR Connector - JP5**

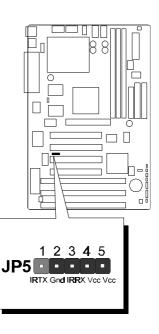
Infrared device connector may attach a 5-pin infrared device cable to this connector for enabling the infrared transfer function. This mainboard meets the specification of ASKIR and HPSIR.



# CPU, Chassis & AGP cooling Fan connectors - FAN1, 2 & 3

The main board provides three onboard 12V cooling fan power connectors for CPU (Fan1), Chassis (Fan 3) and AGP device (Fan 2) cooling fan. Depending on the fan maker, the wiring and plug may be different. The red wire should be connected to +12V and black wire should be connected to ground (GND)



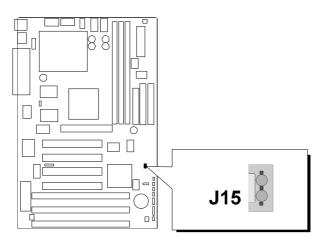


# **USB1/USB2** Port Connectors

Two female connector is located at the rear of the board. Plug the USB devices jack into this connector.

# Wake-On-LAN Connectors

Attach a 3-pin connector from the LAN card which supports the Wake-On-LAN (WOL) function. This function lets users wake up the connected system through the LAN card.



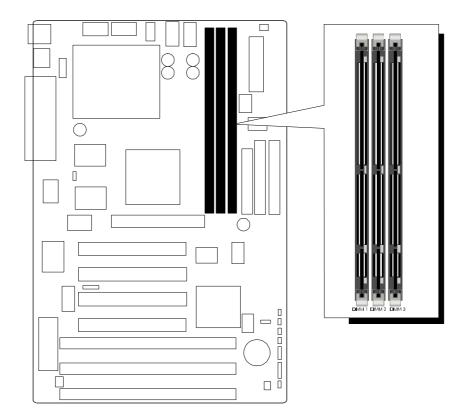


# **Memory Configuration**

The HOT-595 mainboard provides three 168-pin DIMM sockets that make it possible to install from 8MB up to 384MB of SDRAM and EDO DRAM. The DIMM socket support 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB and 128MB 3.3V single- or double-side SDRAM and EDO DIMM.

The three DIMM sockets are arranged in two banks of one socket each. Each bank provides a 64/72-bit wide data path.

The memory configuration tables on next page list the DIMMs memory configuration.



DIMM 1	DIMM 2	DIMM 3	TOTAL
8 MB			8 MB
8 MB	8 MB		16 MB
8 MB	8 MB	8 MB	24 MB
16 MB			16 MB
16 MB	16 MB		32 MB
16 MB	16 MB	16 MB	48 MB
32 MB			32 MB
32 MB	32 MB		64 MB
32 MB	32 MB	32 MB	96 MB
64 MB			64 MB
64 MB	64 MB		128 MB
64 MB	64 MB	64 MB	192 MB
128 MB			128 MB
128 MB	128 MB		256 MB
128 MB	128 MB	128 MB	384 MB
8 MB	16 MB		24 MB
8 MB	16 MB	16 MB	40 MB
16 MB	32 MB		48 MB
16 MB	32 MB	32 MB	80 MB
32 MB	64 MB		96 MB
32 MB	64 MB	64 MB	160 MB
64 MB	128 MB		192 MB
64 MB	128 MB	128 MB	320 MB

# 4

# **Flash Utility**

This chapter briefly discusses Award Flash utility provides instructions to guide you through updating your old BIOS. The file name we use to program here is test.bin, and the file name to save old BIOS is 595.OLD. Please note that those file names are not absolute. They are only examples to let you have a more clear understanding of the updating process.

### How to Begin

- 1. Please type "awdflash" and press the ENTER key to begin the updating process.
- 2. Once you enter, you will see a main menu displaying:
- 3. Move the cursor to "File Name to Program:"
- 4. Type the program name "test.bin", and then press the ENTER key.
- 5. At the bottom of the menu, you will be requested to answer:

#### "Do You Want to Save BIOS (Y/N)? "



The following manual is intended to guide you through the process of both "No" and "Yes" cases respectively.

#### If "No"

If you do not wish to save the old BIOS:

- 1. Please type "N", and then press the ENTER key.
- 2. Then you will be requested to answer:

#### "Are You Sure to Program? "

3. Answer ôNö if you do not want to program, and then it will exit.

Fa				28F1000AP /12	
File	Name	to F	rogram :	test.bin	
File	Name	to 3	ave :	595.010	

#### If "Yes"

To save the old BIOS:

- 1. Please respond "Y", and then press the ENTER key.
- 2. Move the cursor to "File Name to Save: "
- 3. Type file name "595.OLD", and then press the ENTER key. (Your old BIOS will be saved in the file name you create. In this case, the old BIOS is saved in the file name, 595.OLD).
- 4. Then you will be requested to answer:

"Are You Sure to Program (Y/N)? "

- 5. Type "Y" to begin programming, and press the ENTER key.
- 6. When the programming is finished, the showing message will appear:
- 7. Once you see the showing message "Power Off or Reset System", please restart your system.
- 8. When you power on the computer again, you will find your old BIOS has already been successfully updated.

To view a complete usage of FLASH utility, please type "awdflash /? " and press the ENTER key.

# **Notes About Award Flash Utility**

Please note that Award Flash Utility cannot run under EMM386 or QEMM. Thus, when executing the command "awdflash", an error message will appear:

"Error Message: Failure Due to EMM386 or QEMM !"

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# **VIA VxD AGP Driver Installation**

This section describe the installation of VIA VxD Driver which supports Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) functionalists.

#### **System Requirements**

This driver should be installed on a system with the HOT-595 main board which based on VIA AGP chipset VT82C597, and others' main board will not be supported. The VIA VxD Driver is only supported by Windows 95 OSR 2.1 (4.00.950 B) or later version. You may find the VxD Driver on attached CD-ROM in \Driver\VIA\_VxD directory.

For Win95 users, you will need to

- 1. Get "USBSUPP.EXE" from Microsoft, which includes the USB supplement and a new memory manager (VMM32.VxD) needed for the AGP DIME (Direct Memory Execute) feature.
- 2. Get DirectX 5.0 from Microsoft. DirectX 5.0 is the first DirectX version that supports AGP's DIME.
- 3. Get AGP Master (i.e., AGP VGA) Driver from VGA Supplier.
- 4. Get "VIAGART.VXD", a virtual device manager which usually will be installed in the following installation procedure of the Windows 95 card driver.

For WinNT users, you will have to wait until WinNT 5.0 is released.

#### Installation Instructions

Run program "SETUP.EXE" in the directory of \Driver\VXD\ on attached CD-ROM, and it will install the VIA VxD Driver automatically onto your Windows 95 system.

# **BIOS Setup**

HOT-595 BIOS ROM has a built-in Setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

### **Entering Setup**

5

Power on the computer and press <Del> immediately will allow you to enter Setup. The other way to enter Setup is to power on the computer, when the below message appear briefly at the bottom of the screen during the POST (Power On Self Test), press <Del> key or simultaneously press <Ctrl>,<Alt>, and <Esc> keys.

#### "TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL KEY"

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF the ON or pressing the "RESET" button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously press <Ctrl>,<Alt>, and <Delete> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to,

#### "PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL TO ENTER SETUP"

# Main Menu

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	†↓→← : Select Item (Shift)FZ : Change Color

#### Standard CMOS setup

This setup page includes all items in a standard compatible BIOS.

#### **BIOS features setup**

This setup page includes all items of Award special enhanced features.

#### Chipset features setup

This setup page includes all items of chipset features.

#### Power Management Setup

This setup page includes all items of Power Management features.

#### **PnP/PCI Configuration**

This item specifies the value (in units of PCI bus blocks) of the latency timer for the PCI bus master and the IRQ level for PCI device. Power-on with BIOS defaults

#### Load BIOS Defaults

BIOS defaults loads the values required by the System for the maximum performance. However, you can change the parameter through each Setup Menu.

#### Load Setup Defaults

Setup defaults loads the values required by the system for the O.K. performance. However, you can change the parameter through each Setup Menu.

#### **Integrated Peripherals**

This setup page includes all items of peripheral features.

#### Supervisor Password

Change, set, or disable supervisor password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

#### User Password

Change, set, or disable user password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

#### **IDE HDD auto detection**

Automatically configure IDE hard disk drive parameters.

#### Save & Exit setup

Save CMOS value change to CMOS and exit setup

#### Exit without saving

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

# Standard CMOS Setup

Date (mm:dd:yy) : Time (hh:mm:ss) :			98					
	TYPE		CYLS	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANDZ	SECTOR	MODE
Primary Master	: Auto	Θ	0	0	Θ	0	Θ	AUTO
Primary Slave	: Auto	0	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	AUTU
Secondary Master	: Auto	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	AUTO
Secondary Slave	: Auto	Θ	Θ	0	Θ	Θ	Θ	AUTO
Drive A : 1.44M,	3.5 in.		<b>—</b>					
Drive B : None						Mcmory		
				E	xtended			
Video : EGA/UGA					Other	Memory	: 512	ĸ
Halt On : All Err	ors							• • •

# <u>Date</u>

The date format is <day>, <month> <date> <year>. Press <F3> to show the calendar.

#### <u>Time</u>

The time format is <hour> <minute> <second>. The time is calculated base on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example. 5 p.m. is 17:00:00.

#### Hard Disks Type

This item identify the types of hard disk drives that has been installed in the computer. There are 46 predefined types and a user definable type.

Press PgUp or PgDn to select a numbered hard disk type or type the number and press <Enter>. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this item. If your hard disk drive type is not matched or listed, you can use Type User to define your own drive type manually.

If you select Type User, related information is asked to be entered to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. Those information should be provided in the documentation from your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

The user may also set those items to AUTO to auto configure hard disk drives parameter when system power-on.

If a hard disk drive has not been installed select NONE and press <Enter>.

#### Drive A type/Drive B type

This item specifies the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the system.

#### Video

This item selects the type of adapter used for the primary system monitor that must matches your video display card and monitor. Although secondary monitors are supported, you do not have to select the type in Setup.

#### Error halt

This item determines if the system will stop, when an error is detected during power up.

#### Memory

This item is display-only. It is automatically detected by POST (Power On Self Test) of the BIOS.

#### **Base Memory**

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system. The value of the base memory is typically 512K for systems with 512K memory installed on the mainboard, or 640K for systems with 640K or more memory installed on the mainboard.

#### **Extended Memory**

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1MB in the CPU's memory address map.

# **BIOS Features Setup**

	ROM PCI/ISA I BIOS FEATUI AWARD SOFTU	
Virus Warning CPU Internal Cache External Cache Quick Power On Self Test Boot Sequence Swap Floppy Drive Boot Up Floppy Seek Boot Up NumLock Status Boot Up System Speed Gate A20 Option Memory Parity/ECC Check Typematic Rate Setting Typematic Bate (Chars/Scc) Typematic Delay (Msec)	: Enabled : Enabled : A,C,SCSI : Disabled : Enabled : Un : High : Fast : Disabled : Disabled : 6 : 250	
Security Option IDE Second Channel Control PS/2 mouse function contro PCI/VGA Palette Snoop OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	: Enabled 1: Enabled : Disabled	ESC: Quit 11++: Select Item F1 : Help PU/PD/+/-: Modify F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color F6 : Load BIOS Defaults F7 : Load Setup Defaults

#### Virus Warning

When this item is enabled, the Award BIOS will monitor the boot sector and partition table of the hard disk drive for any attempt at modification. If an attempt it made, the BIOS will halt the system and the following error message will appear. Afterwards, if necessary, you will be able to run an anti-virus program to locate and remove the problem before any damage is done.

IWARNING! Disk boot sector is to be modified Type "Y" to accept write or "N" to abort write Award Software, Inc.

#### **CPU Internal/External Cache**

This item enables CPU internal cache and external cache to speed up memory access.

#### Quick Power On Self Test

This item speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power on the computer. If it is set to Enabled, BIOS will shorten or skip some check items during POST.

#### **Boot Sequence**

This item determines which drive computer searches first for the disk operating system. Default setting is A, C, SCSI.

BIOS also support system boot from CD-ROM drive or SCSI hard disk drive.

#### Swap Floppy Drive

When this item enables, the BIOS will swap floppy drive assignments so that Drive A: will function as Drive B: and Drive B: as Drive A:.

#### **Boot Up Floppy Seek**

During POST, BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks.

#### **Boot Up NumLock Status**

When this option enables, BIOS turns on Num Lock when system is powered on.

#### **Boot Up System Speed**

This option sets the speed of CPU at system boot time. The settings are High or Low.

#### Gate A20 Option

This entry allows you to select how the gate A20 is handled. The gate A20 is a device used to address memory above 1 Mbytes. Initially, the gate A20 was handled via a pin on the keyboard. Today, while keyboards still provide this support, it is more common, and much faster, set to *Fast* for the system chipset to provide support for gate A20.

#### Memory Parity/ECC Check

This item allows you to set memory error checking, Enabled or Disabled.

#### Typematic Rate Setting/Typematic Rate/Typematic Delay

This determines if the typematic rate and typematic delay are to be used. When the typematic rate setting is enabled, **typematic rate** allows you select the rate at which the keys are accelerated and **typematic delay** allows you to select the delay between when the key was first depressed and when the acceleration begins.

#### Security Option

This item allows you to limit access to the System and Setup, or just to Setup. When *System* is selected, the System will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

When *Setup* is selected, the System will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

#### PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

This item must be set to enabled if there is a MPEG ISA card installed in the system, and disabled if there is no MPEG ISA card installed in the system.

#### OS Select For DRAM > 64MB

This item allows you to access the memory that over 64 MB in OS/2.

#### Video BIOS Shadow/XXXXX-XXXXX Shadow

These items determine whether Video BIOS or optional ROM will be copied to RAM.

# **Chipset Features Setup**

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A5LEH29) CMOS SETUP UTILITY CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP				
Bank 0/1 DRAM Timing Bank 2/3 DRAM Timing Bank 4/5 DRAM Timing SDRAM Cycle Length SDRAM Bank Interleave DRAM Read Pipeline Sustained 3T Write Cache Rd+CPU Wt Pipeline Read Around write Cache Timing Wideo BIOS Cacheable System BIOS Cacheable Memory Holc At 15Mb Addr AGP Aperture Size		70 ns 70 ns 3 Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Fast Enabled Enabled Enabled Disabled	OnChip USB : Enabled USB Keyboard Support : Disabled Spread Spectrum Modulated: Disabled	
AGP-2X Mode CPU Core Voltage			ESC: Quit tl++: Select Item F1: Help PU/PD/+/-: Modify F5: Old Values (Shift)F2: Color F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup Defaults	

#### **DRAM Auto Configuration**

This item auto configures the item of DRAM Timing Control. **DRAM Timing Control** will be set to "Auto" when this item set to **60 ns or 70 ns. DRAM Timing Control** may be set to "Normal", "Medium", "Fast" or "Turbo" when this item set to Disabled.

#### **DRAM Timing Control**

This value in this field is set by the system board manufacturer, depending on whether the board has paged DRAMs or EDO DRAMS. The choice: 70ns, 60ns.

#### **SDRAM Cycle Length**

This field allows you to set the SDRAM latency timer. The Choice: 2, 3.

#### **SDRAM Bank Interleave**

This item allows you to set how many banks of SDRAM support in your mainboard. The Choice: 2 Bank, 4 Bank, Disabled.

#### Sustained 3T Write

This item allow you to enable or disable direct map write back / write through secondary cache.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### Cache Rd+CPU Wt Pipeline

This item allows you to enable/disable the cache timing. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### Read Around Write

This item allows you enable/disable the read around write function (system performance timing) The Choice: Enabled. Disabled.

#### Cache Timing

This item allows the user to set the cache timing. The options are Fast and Fastest.

#### Video BIOS Cacheable

When enabled. The Video BIOS cache will cause access to video BIOS addressed at C0000H to C7FFFH to be cached, if the cache controller is also enabled. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### System BIOS Cacheable

As with caching the Video BIOS above, enabling this selection allows accesses to the system BIOS ROM addressed at F0000H ~ FFFFFH to be cached, provided that the cache controller is enabled. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### Memory Hole At 15MB Addr

In order to improve performance, some space in memory can be reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16 MB. This Choice: Disabled, 15M-16M, 14M-16M.

#### AGP Aperture Size

Select the size of Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) aperture. The aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated for graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation. See <u>www.apgforum.org</u> for AGP information. The Choice: 4M, 8M, 16M, 32M, 64M, 128M, 256M

#### AGP-2x Mode

This item allows you to enable/disable AGP-2x function. See <u>www.apgforum.org</u> for AGP information.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### OnChip USB

Select Enabled if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB peripheral. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### USB Keyboard Support

Select Enabled if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB Keyboard. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### Spread Spectrum Modulated

This item allows the user to enable Spread Spectrum Modulated to reduce the EMI. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

# **Power Management Setup**

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A5LEH29) POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.				
Power Management : Disable   PM Control by APM : Yes   Video Off Option : Suspend -> Off   Video Off Method : U/H SYNC+Blank   MODEM Use IRQ : 3   Soft-Off by PWRBTN : Instant-Off   ** PM Timers **   HDD Power Down : Disable   Doze Mode : Disable   ** PM Events **   VGA : OFF   LPT & COM : LPT-COM   HDD & FDD : ON   DMA/master : OFF	Primary INTR: ONIRQ3(COM 2): PrimaryIRQ4(COM 1): PrimaryIRQ5(LPT 2): PrimaryIRQ6(Floppy Disk): PrimaryIRQ7(LPT 1): PrimaryIRQ8(RTC Alarm) : DisabledIRQ9(IRU2 Redir) : SecondaryIRQ10(Reserved) : SecondaryIRQ11(Reserved) : SecondaryIRQ12(PS/2 Mouse) : PrimaryIRQ13(Coprocessor) : PrimaryIRQ14(Hard Disk) : PrimaryIRQ15(Reserved) : Disabled			
LAN Resume : Disabled Modem Ring Resume : Disabled RTC Alarm Resume : Disabled	ESC : Quit 11++ : Select Item F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color F6 : Load BIOS Defaults F7 : Load Setup Defaults			

#### Power Management

This item determines the options of the power management function. *Max Saving* puts the system into power saving mode after a brief period of system inactivity; *Min Saving* is the same as *Max Saving* except the time of the system inactivity period is longer; Disabled disables the power saving feature; *User Defined* allows you to set power saving options according to your preference.

#### PM Control by APM

When enabled, and Advanced Power Management device will be activated to enhance the Max. Power Saving mode and stop the CPU internal clock. If Advance Power Management (APM) is installed on your system, selecting *Yes* give better power savings.

If the Max. Power Saving is not enabled, this will be preset to No.

#### Video Off Option

When enabled, this features allows the VGA adapter to operate in a power saving mode.

Always On : Monitor will remain on during power saving modes.

Suspend-->Off : Monitor blanked when the systems enters the Suspend mode.

Susp, Stby --> Off: Monitor blanked when the system enters either Suspend or Standby modes.

All Modes-->Off : Monitor blanked when the system enters any power saving mode.

#### Video Off Method

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

**V/H SYNC+Blank** This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.

Blank Screen This option only writes blanks to the video buffer.

**DPMS** Allows the BIOS to control the video display card if it supports the DPMS feature.

#### **Conserve Mode**

This item allows you to enable/disable the Conserve Mode. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### MODEM Use IRQ

This determines the IRQ in which the MODEM can use. The choice: 1,3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, NA.

#### Soft-Off by PWRBTN

When Enabled, turning the system off with the on/off button places the system in a very low-power-usage state, with only enough circuitry receiving power to detect power button activity or Resume by Ring activity.

The choice: Delay 4 Sec, Instant Off.

#### HDD Power Down

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.

#### Doze Mode, Suspend Mode

These items set the period of time after which each of these mode activate, the periods are from 1 min to 1 hour.

**Doze Mode** When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, CPU clock will run at slower speed while all other devices still operate at full speed.

**Suspend Mode** When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except CPU will be shut off.

#### \*\* PM Events \*\*

PM events are I/O events whose occurrence can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. In effect, the system remains alert for anything occurs to a device which is configured as *On*, even when the system is a power down mode.

#### <u>VGA</u>

When set to On (default), any event occurring at a VGA port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

#### LPT & COM

When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at a COM (Serial)/LPT port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

#### HDD & FDD

When set to On (default), any event occurring at a hard or floppy drive port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

#### **DMA/master**

When set to On (default), any event occurring to the DMA controller will awaken a system which has been powered down.

#### Modem Ring Resume

When set to *Enabled*, any event occurring Modem Ring will awaken a system which has been powered down.

#### **RTC Alarm Resume**

When set to *Enabled RTC Alarm Resume*, you could set the date (of month) and timer (hh:mm:ss), any event occurring at RTC will awaken system which has been powered down.

#### Primary INTR

When set to On (default), any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.

The following is a list of IRQ, Interrupt ReQuests, which can be exampled much as the COM ports and LPT port above can. When an I/O device wants to gain the attention of the operating system, it signals this by causing an IRQ to occur. When the operating system is ready to respond to the request, it interrupts itself and performs the service.

As above, the choices are On and Off.

When set On, activity will neither prevent the system from going into a power management mode nor awaken it.

- IRQ3 (COM 2)	- IRQ4 (COM 1)
- IRQ5 (LPT 2)	- IRQ6 (Floppy Disk)
- IRQ7 (LPT 1)	- IRQ8 (RTC Alarm)
- IRQ9 (IRQ2 Redir)	- IRQ10 (Reserved)
- IRQ11 (Reserved)	- IRQ12 (PS/2 Mouse)
- IRQ13 (Coprocessor)	- IRQ14 (Reserved)
- IRQ15 (Reserved)	

# **PCI** Configuration Setup

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A5LEH29) PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.				
PNP OS Installed : No Resources Controlled By : Manual Reset Configuration Data : Disabled ACPI I/O Device Node : Disabled IRQ-3 assigned to : Legacy ISA IRQ-4 assigned to : Legacy ISA IRQ-5 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ-9 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ-10 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ-11 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ-12 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ 11 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ 11 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ-12 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ-15 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ 14 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ 15 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP IRQ 16 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP	CPU to PCI Write Buffer : Enabled PCI Dynamic Bursting : Enabled PCI Master 0 WS Write : Enabled PCI Master Read Prefetch : Enabled PCI Master Read Prefetch : Enabled PCI#2 Access #1 Retry : Disabled AGP Master 1 WS Write : Enabled AGP Master 1 WS Write : Enabled PCI IRQ Actived By : Level PCI IDE IRQ Map To : PCI-AUTO Primary IDE INT# : A Sccondary IDE INT# : B Assign IRQ For USB : Enabled			
DMA-1 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP DMA-3 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP DMA-5 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP DMA-6 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP DMA-6 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP DMA-7 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP	ESC: Quit 11++: Select Item F1: Help PU/PD/+/-: Modify F5: Old Values (Shift)F2: Color F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup Defaults			

#### **PNP OS Installed**

When this item is set to *Yes*, it will allow the PnP OS(Windows 95) control the system resources except PCI devices and PnP boot devices. The Choice: Yes and No.

#### **Resources Controlled By**

The Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capability to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. However, this capability means absolutely nothing unless you are using a Plug and Play operating system as Windows 95. The Choice: Auto and Manual.

#### **Reset Configuration Data**

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system can not boot. The Choice: Enabled and Disabled.

# ACPI I/O Device Node

This item allows the user to set ACPI I/O Device Node Enabled or Disabled.

#### IRQ 3/4/5/7/9/10/11/12/14/15, assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt:

Legacy ISA Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, requiring a specific interrupt (such as IRQ4 for serial port 1). PCI/ISA PnP Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture. The Choice: Legacy ISA and PCI/ISA PnP.

#### DMA 0/1/3/5/6/7 assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system DMA as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt:

Legacy ISA Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, requiring a specific interrupt (such as IRQ4 for serial port 1). PCI/ISA PnP Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture. The Choice: Legacy ISA and PCI/ISA PnP.

These items allow you to determine the DMA assigned to the ISA bus and is not available for PCI slot.

The Choice: Legacy ISA and PCI/ISA PnP.

#### CPU to PCI Write Buffer

When enabled, up to four D words of data can be written to the PCI bus without interrupting the CPU. When disabled, a write buffer is not used and the CPU read cycle will not be completed until the PCI bus signals that it is ready to receive the data. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### PCI Dynamic Bursting

When Enabled, data transfers on the PCI bus, where possible, make use of the highperformance PCI burst protocol, in which greater amounts of data are transferred at a single command.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### PCI Master 0 WS Write

When Enabled, writes to the PCI bus are command with zero wait states. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### PCI Delay Transaction

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### PCI Master Read Prefetch

This item allows you enable/disable the PCI Master Read Prefetch. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### PCI #2 Access #1 Retry

This item allows you enable/disable the PCI #2 Access #1 Retry. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### AGP Master 1 WS Write

This implements a single delay when writing to the AGP Bus. By default, two-wait states are used by the system, allowing for greater stability. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### AGP Master 1 WS Read

This implements a single delay when reading from the AGP Bus. By default, two-wait states are used by the system, allowing for greater stability. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### PCI IRQ Activated by

This item sets the method by which the PCI bus recognize that an IRQ service is being requested by a device. You should never change the default configuration unless advised otherwise by your System's manufacturer. The Choice: Level(default) and Edge.

PCI IDE IRQ Map to

This items allows you to configure your system to the type of IDE disk controller in use. By default, Setup assumes that your controller is an ISA device rather than a PCI controller.

If you have equipped your system with a PCI controller, changing this allows you to specify which slot has the controller and which PCI interrupt (A, B, C or D) is associated with the connected hard drives.

Remember that this setting refers to the hard disk drive itself, rather than individual partitions. Since each IDE controller supports two separate hard disk drives, you can select the INT# for each. Again, you will note that the primary has a lower interrupt than the secondary as described in

"Slot x Using INT#" above.

Selecting "*PCI Auto*" allows the system to automatically determine how your IDE disk system is configured.

#### Assign IRQ for USB

This item allows the user to set BIOS IRQ Routing table Enabled or Disabled.

# **Integrated Peripherals**

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A5LEH29) INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS AWARD SAFTWARE, INC.				
OnChip IDE First Channel OnChip IDE Second Channel IDE Prefetch Mode IDE HDD Block Mode IDE Primary Master PIO IDE Frimary Slave PIO IDE Secondary Master PIO IDE Primary Slave UDMA IDE Primary Slave UDMA IDE Secondary Master UDMA IDE Secondary Slave UDMA	: Enabled : Enabled : Enabled : Auto : Auto : Auto : Auto : Auto : Auto : Auto			
Anboard FDC Controller Anboard Serial Port 1	: Enabled : Auto			
Onboard Serial Port 1 Onboard Serial Port 2	: Auto	ESC : Quit ↑↓→← : Select Item		
UR2 Mode	: Standard	F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color		
Onboard Parallel Port	: 378/IRQ7	F6 : Load BIOS Defaults		
Parallel Port Mode	: SPP	F7 : Load Setup Defaults		

#### **OnChip IDE First Channel**

This item is used to defined on chip Primary PCI IDE controller is Enable or Disable setting.

#### **OnChip IDE Second Channel**

This item is used to defined on chip secondary PCI IDE controller is Enable or Disable setting.

#### **IDE Prefetch Mode**

Enable prefetching for IDE drive interfaces that support its faster drive accesses. If you are getting disk drive errors, change the setting to omit the drive interface where the errors occur. Depending on the configuration of your IDE subsystem, this field may not appear, and it does not appear when the Internal PCI/IDE field, above, is Disabled.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

#### **IDE HDD Block Mode**

This item is used to set IDE HDD Block Mode. If your IDE Hard Disk supports block mode, then you can enable this function to speed up the HDD access time. If not, please disable this function to avoid HDD access error.

#### **IDE Primary Master PIO**

In these items, there are five modes defined in manual mode and one automatic mode. There are 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and AUTO is the default settings for on board Primary Master PIO timing.

#### **IDE Primary Slave PIO**

In these items, there are five modes defined in manual mode and one automatic mode. There are 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and AUTO is the default settings for on board Primary Slave PIO timing.

#### **IDE Secondary Master PIO**

In these items, there are five modes defined in manual mode and one automatic mode. There are 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and AUTO is the default settings for on board Secondary Master IDE PIO timing.

#### **IDE Secondary Slave PIO**

In these items, there are five modes defined in manual mode and one automatic mode. There are 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and AUTO is the default settings for on board Secondary Slave IDE PIO timing.

#### **IDE Primary Master UDMA**

On this mainboard, VIA chipset improves IDE transfer rate using Bus Master UltraDMA/33 IDE which can handle data transfer up to 33MB/sec. The options are Disabled and Auto, and Auto is the default settings for on board Primary Master UltraDMA33.

#### **IDE Primary Slave UDMA**

On this mainboard, VIA chipset improves IDE transfer rate using Bus Master UltraDMA/33 IDE which can handle data transfer up to 33MB/sec. The options are Disabled and Auto, and Auto is the default settings for on board Primary Slave UltraDMA33.

#### **IDE Secondary Master UDMA**

On this mainboard, VIA chipset improves IDE transfer rate using Bus Master UltraDMA/33 IDE which can handle data transfer up to 33MB/sec. The options are Disabled and Auto, and Auto is the default settings for on board Secondary Master UltraDMA33.

#### **IDE Secondary Slave UDMA**

On this mainboard, VIA chipset improves IDE transfer rate using Bus Master UltraDMA/33 IDE which can handle data transfer up to 33MB/sec. The options are Disabled and Auto, and Auto is the default settings for on board Secondary Slave UltraDMA33.

#### **Onboard FDC Controller**

This item specifies onboard floppy disk drive controller. This setting allows you to connect your floppy disk drives to the onboard floppy connector. Choose the *"Disabled"* settings if you have a separate control card.

#### **Onboard Serial Port 1/2**

This item is used to define onboard serial port 1/Port2 to 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Auto or Disabled.

#### IR Address Select

This item is used to define onboard serial port 1/Port2 to 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Auto or Disabled.

#### IR Mode

The main board support IrDA(HPSIR) and Amplitudes Shift Keyed IR(ASKIR) infrared through COM2 port. When IR is enable, the onboard COM2 port will be disabled. This item specifies onboard Infra Red mode to IrDA 1.0, ASKIR, MIR 0.57M, MIR 1.15M, FIR or Standard (Disabled).

Note : FIR is not supported currently.

#### **IR IRQ Select**

This item is used to set IR Interrupt Request Line.

#### **Onboard Parallel Port**

This item specifies onboard parallel port address to 378H, 278H, 3BCH or Disabled.

#### Parallel Port Mode

This item specifies onboard parallel port mode. The options are *SPP* (Standard Parallel Port), *EPP* (Enhanced Parallel Port), *ECP* (Extended Capabilities Port), and *EPP+ECP*.

#### ECP Mode Use DMA

This item specifies *DMA* (Direct Memory Access) channel when ECP device is in use. The options are *DMA 1* and *DMA 3*. This item will not show up when SPP and EPP printer mode is selected.

# **Password Setting**

This section describes the two access modes that can be set using the options found on the Supervisor Password and User Password.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A59GH2B) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.				
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS			
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD USER PASSWORD			
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP				
PNPZPCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETIP			
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS Enter Password	UT SAVING			
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS				
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	†↓→← : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color			
Change/Set/Disable Password				

#### Supervisor Password and User Password

The options on the Password screen menu make it possible to restrict access to the Setup program by enabling you to set passwords for two different access modes: Supervisor mode and User mode.

In general, Supervisor mode has full access to the Setup options, whereas User mode has restricted access to the options. By setting separate Supervisor and User password, a system supervisor can limit who can change critical Setup values.

#### Enter Password

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter password. A message will confirm the password being disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

#### **Password Disable**

If you select System at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter Setup. If you select Setup at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter Setup.

*Warning*: Retain a record of your password in a safe place. If you forget the password, the only way to access the system is to clear CMOS memory, please refer to "Clear CMOS".